

Новикова

ВСЕ

ДОМАШНИЕ РАБОТЫ

К УЧЕБНИКУ

О.В. АФАНАСЬЕВОЙ, И.В. МИХЕЕВОЙ

**НОВЫЙ КУРС АНГЛИЙСКОГО ЯЗЫКА
8 КЛАСС**

**И КОМПЛЕКТУ РАБОЧИХ ТЕТРАДЕЙ
ДЛЯ 8 КЛАССА**

ENGLISH

8
класс



К.Ю. Новикова

ВСЕ ДОМАШНИЕ РАБОТЫ

к учебнику

О.В. Афанасьевой, И.В. Михеевой

Новый курс английского языка для

8 класса

и комплекту рабочих тетрадей

для 8 класса

ФГОС

МОСКВА

ЛадКом

2013

УДК 372/53
ББК 22.1 Англ. 72
Н21

Все домашние работы к учебнику О.В. Афанасьевой, И.В. Михеевой «Новый курс английского языка для 8 класса и комплекту рабочих тетрадей для 8 класса. ФГОС. М.: – «ЛадКом». – 2013. – 192 с.

ISBN 978-5-91336-088-5

Пособие является незаменимым помощником в изучении школьниками английского языка. С его помощью самостоятельно выполняются упражнения из учебника и комплекта рабочих тетрадей.

© Издательство «ЛадКом», 2013

ДОРОГОЙ ДРУГ!

Ты перешел учиться в шестой класс и начал изучать английский язык по учебнику «Новый курс английского языка для российских школ» авторов О.В. Афанасьевой и И.В. Михеевой.

Пособие, которое ты держишь сейчас в руках, станет для тебя незаменимым помощником в изучении нового предмета. Здесь ты найдешь выполненные упражнения из учебника и комплекта рабочих тетрадей. С их помощью ты сможешь повторить и закрепить материал, изученный в классе, а, выполнив домашнюю работу, проверить правильность результата; исправить собственные ошибки и понять, какой материал в учебнике необходимо повторить. Особенно полезно данное пособие будет для тебя в случаях, когда ты пропустишь занятие и должен будешь усваивать материал самостоятельно: ты сможешь с нашим пособием сделать это легко, не обращаясь ни к родителям, ни к репетиторам.

В пособии ты найдешь выполненные задания учебника и все письменные задания рабочих тетрадей № 1 и № 2.

Желаем успеха в изучении английского языка!

Часть 1 (учебник)

Первый шаг

2. Закончите разделительные вопросы и ответьте на них.

1) You didn't go anywhere, did you? No, I didn't go anywhere. Yes, I was at the sea this summer.

2) You stayed in your home town, didn't you? Yes, I did. No, I didn't stay in my home town, I stayed in the country.

3) The weather was terrible in the summer, wasn't it? Yes, it was very hot. No, it wasn't warm enough.

4) It never rained in the summer, didn't it? Yes, it didn't rain. No, it rained in July a few days.

5) You often go boating, don't you? Yes, I often go boating. No, I never went boating.

6) Nobody went with you, didn't they? Yes, nobody went with us. No, everybody went with us.

7) You didn't make sand castles on the beach, did you? Yes, I didn't make sand castles. No, I made sand castles on the beach.

8) You had a lot of fun, didn't you? Yes, I had a lot of fun. No, it was boring.

9) You couldn't go abroad, could you? Yes, I couldn't go abroad. No, I could. I visited Spain this year.

10) Your parents were with you during the summer, weren't they? Yes, they were with me. No, they weren't with me.

11) You weren't in the north of the country, were you? No, I weren't in the north, but at the south of the country. Yes, I were in the north of the country.

12) You didn't go to the forest much, did you? Yes, I didn't go to the forest much. No, I went to the forest often.

13) You saw a lot of interesting places, didn't you? Yes, I saw a lot of interesting places. No, I didn't see any interesting places.

14) You didn't write a diary, did you? No, I wrote a diary. Yes, I didn't write a diary.

15) You invited nobody to visit me, didn't you? Yes, I invited nobody to see you. No, I invited your friends to see you.

5. Джон Баркер и его семья этим летом ездили в США. Теперь он знает много об Америке. А как много вы знаете о ней? Скажите: правда или ложь.

1) False. Washington D.C.

2) False. The beginning of 19th century.

- 3) True.
- 4) False. North.
- 5) True.
- 6) True.
- 7) False. Northern America.
- 8) True.
- 9) True.
- 10) False. McKinley mountain.
- 11) False. State.
- 12) False. Alaska.

8. *Найдите соответствия в двух колонках.*

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) b; | 4) a; |
| 2) d; | 5) c. |
| 3) e; | |

9. *Дополните предложения. Используйте данные слова.*

- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| 1) only; | 7) only; |
| 2) proud; | 8) same; |
| 3) high; | 9) same; |
| 4) proud; | 10) wild; |
| 5) historic; | 11) historic. |
| 6) wild; | |

13. *Напишите, что это.*

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. South America. | 2. The Russian Federation. |
|-------------------|----------------------------|

3. Great Britain.

7. Africa.

4. Italy.

8. The USA.

5. Germany.

9. Ireland.

6. Australia.

14. Напишите на английском.

Historic building, fifty states, to bring back the exercise-book, to build the bridge, high skyscrapers, wild flowers, my only friend, the same answer, to be proud of this country, the moon and the stars, to remember Russian history, the biggest state.

Второй шаг

2. Найдите соответствия в колонках.

1) f;

7) b;

2) d;

8) e;

3) c;

9) i;

4) j;

10) g;

5) a;

11) k.

6) h;

3. Дополните предложения.

A

1) I remember the day when I met my friend.

- 2) I remember the place where I played football.
- 3) I remember the song which was popular last year.
- 4) I remember the man who taught me to swim.
- 5) I remember the time when I didn't need to go to school.
- 6) I remember the book which impressed me much.

B

- 1) I am proud of my marks.
- 2) My parents are proud of me.
- 3) My friend is proud of his dog.
- 4) My teacher is proud of her pupils.
- 5) We are proud of our country.

5. Скажите, что и когда построили в Нор-тоне.

They built a shop in the city of Norton in 2000.

They built a swimming bath in the city of Norton in 1978.

They built a building in the city of Norton in 1754.

They built a palace of music in the city of Norton in 2001.

They built a castle in the city of Norton in 1872.

They built a school in the city of Norton in 1995.

They built a post office in the city of Norton in 1968.

They built a cafe in the city of Norton in 1981.

They built a bus station in the city of Norton in 1954.

They built a sky scraper in the city of Norton in 1986.

They built a monument in the city of Norton in 1920.

They built a university in the city of Norton in 1952.

They built a hospital in the city of Norton in 1833.

7. Скажите, что это.

1) The Pacific is the ocean.

2) Canada is a country.

3) The Appalachians are the mountains.

4) Mexico is a country.

5) The Mississippi is a river.

6) The Ontario is a lake.

7) The Colorado is a river.

8) Alaska is a state.

9) Hawaii is a state.

10) The Atlantic is the ocean.

11) The USA is a country.

12) The Huron is a lake.

10. *Используйте новые слова для заполнения пропусков в предложении.*

- | | |
|------------------------|-----------------|
| 1) lily-of-the-valley; | 8) chain; |
| 2) islands; | 9) deep; |
| 3) deepest; | 10) parts; |
| 4) coast; | 11) plains; |
| 5) large; | 12) lies; |
| 6) large, the largest; | 13) stretching. |
| 7) flows; | |

12. *Дополните предложения.*

- | | |
|-------------|--------------|
| 1) another; | 8) another; |
| 2) another; | 9) other; |
| 3) other; | 10) others; |
| 4) others; | 11) other; |
| 5) another; | 12) others; |
| 6) other; | 13) another; |
| 7) others; | 14) other. |

13. *Попросите дополнительные предметы. Используйте слова из рамки.*

- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| 1) cup; | 6) cup; |
| 2) jug; | 7) plate; |
| 3) box; | 8) box; |
| 4) bag; | 9) cup; |
| 5) carton; | 10) box. |

14. Посмотрите, насколько хорошо вы знаете географию США. Дайте название.

- 1) the Great Lakes;
- 2) New York;
- 3) the Mississippi;
- 4) the Appalachian;
- 5) the Rocky mountains;
- 6) Alaska;
- 7) Washington, D.C.;
- 8) the Great Plains.

Третий шаг

4. Дополните пропуски в предложениях.

- | | |
|-------------|------------------|
| 1) lies; | 4) stretched; |
| 2) stretch; | 5) flow, flowed; |
| 3) flows; | 6) lie. |

6. Найдите соответствия.

- | | |
|-------|--------|
| 1) f; | 7) d; |
| 2) i; | 8) g; |
| 3) a; | 9) k; |
| 4) j; | 10) b; |
| 5) c; | 11) e; |
| 6) h; | 12) l. |

8. *Скажите, что произошло.*

- 1) James has cleaned his car.
- 2) Kate has watered her plants.
- 3) Mom and Dad have opened the bedroom window.
- 4) The children have finished their homework.
- 5) Mary has seen the film.
- 6) My friends have visited the British Museum.
- 7) Emma has washed her hands.
- 8) The Smiths have decided where to spend the next week-end.
- 9) Margo has been to the shops.
- 10) Jake has cooked his supper.

10. *Скажите, в каких странах они уже были, и в какие страны они собираются поехать.*

- 3) John has been to California. He is going to visit Washington.
- 4) Billy and Beth have been to Canada. They are going to visit Mexico.
- 5) Harry has been to the Appalachians. He is going to visit the Rocky Mountains.
- 6) The Moles have been to the Mississippi. They are going to visit the Colorado.
- 7) Miss Robertson has been to Alaska. She is going to visit Hawaii.

8) Ann has been to Florida. She is going to visit the Great Plains.

9) The friends have been to the Atlantic Ocean. They are going to visit the Pacific Ocean.

10) Kitty and David have been to South America. They are going to visit North America.

11) My cousins have been to the Pacific Coast. They are going to visit the Atlantic Ocean.

11. Дополните предложения.

1) has;

6) has;

2) have;

7) has;

3) have;

8) have;

4) has;

9) have;

5) have;

10) have.

Четвертый шаг

5. Скажите, что произошло.

1. John has washed his bicycle.

2. Jane has washed the plates.

3. Mary has talked to the pop star.

4. Tom has cooked the cake.

5. The dog has jumped over the barrier.

6. Nick has brushed his teeth.

7. Vika has painted the chair.

8. Parents have decorated the Christmas tree.

7. *Скажите, что эти люди не делали.*

- 1) Mr. Porter hasn't finished the work.
- 2) Julia hasn't been to New York.
- 3) Mrs. Johnsons hasn't watered her plants.
- 4) I haven't seen Peter at school.
- 5) Paul hasn't painted the walls in the kitchen.
- 6) Polly hasn't washed cups and plates.
- 7) Jerry hasn't watched television today.
- 8) Mary and I haven't decided what film to see.
- 9) Most of us haven't played baseball.
- 10) Jim hasn't worked as journalist.
- 11) I haven't stayed in the hotel «Star».
- 12) Samantha hasn't cooked chocolate pudding.
- 13) My son hasn't read Hamlet.

13. *Дополните предложения.*

- 1) has become;
- 2) have been;
- 3) have you swum;
- 4) haven't done;
- 5) haven't remembered;
- 6) have jumped;
- 7) has begun;
- 8) Has Polly rung up;
- 9) Has Boris come back;
- 10) Hasn't seen.

14. *Даны ответы. Какие были вопросы?*

- 1) Have you rung up granny in the morning?
- 2) Has he come home?
- 3) Have the children done their homework?
- 4) Have you swum in the lake?
- 5) Has she begun to learn English?
- 6) Have you become teacher long ago?
- 7) Have they ever been to the British museum?
- 8) Has she cooked the chicken?
- 9) Has he seen this film?
- 10) Have you been to Vladimir?

Пятый шаг

2. *Скажите, почему они счастливы. Используйте форму **Present Perfect**.*

- | | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 1) has done; | 6) has become; |
| 2) has swum; | 7) have been; |
| 3) has rung; | 8) has begun; |
| 4) have seen; | 9) has arrived; |
| 5) has come; | 10) has played. |

10. *Ответьте на вопросы по тексту из упражнения 8.*

1) Washington is a state in the USA. And Washington D.C. is the capital of the USA.

2) There are many parks, trees and flowers in Washington because this is the capital.

3) The US capital is situated on the Potomac River.

4) It is called Washington D.C. because it is situated on a piece of land called District of Columbia.

5) No, there are no skyscrapers there.

6) American congressmen work in the Capitol and they make laws there.

7) The US President's residence is of white color.

8) Tourists can't see the part where president lives, but they can see the Red Room, the Blue Room, the Green Room and some other rooms.

9) Yes, Washington is famous for its museums.

14. Дополните предложения.

1) has just become;

6) have you taken;

2) have never done;

7) has come;

3) have written;

8) have never seen;

4) have given;

9) haven't read;

5) have just fallen;

10) have never eaten.

Часть 1 (рабочая тетрадь — 1)

10. Прочитайте текст и выберите правильный вариант ответа в предложениях после текста.

- | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|
| 1) c; | 4) b; | 7) a. |
| 2) b; | 5) a; | |
| 3) b; | 6) c; | |

11. Прочитайте текст и ответьте на вопросы.

- 1) Yes, Hawaii changed a lot.
- 2) The text says that «the islands were born on fire» because the islands have formed with volcanoes.
- 3) There are one hundred thirty two islands.
- 4) No, one or two of the volcanoes are active.
- 5) The text doesn't give the answer.
- 6) People brought a lot of sea birds, seals and turtles with them.
- 7) Many birds and animals found their home on Hawaii.
- 8) It's a popular holiday place because it's warm and beautiful.

19. Составъте слова.

- | | |
|------------------|---------------|
| 1) already; | 16) large; |
| 2) call; | 17) flow; |
| 3) world; | 18) mighty; |
| 4) sailor; | 19) coast; |
| 5) deep; | 20) border; |
| 6) place; | 21) build; |
| 7) chain; | 22) state; |
| 8) valley; | 23) bring; |
| 9) another; | 24) brought; |
| 10) island; | 25) historic; |
| 11) proud; | 26) building; |
| 12) remember; | 27) stretch; |
| 13) nationality; | 28) yet; |
| 14) continent; | 29) ever; |
| 15) moon; | 30) part. |

20. Напишете слова.

- | | |
|--------------|------------------|
| 1) valley; | 10) island; |
| 2) large; | 11) border; |
| 3) ever; | 12) coast; |
| 4) mighty; | 13) wild; |
| 5) remember; | 14) nationality; |
| 6) built; | 15) lay; |
| 7) build; | 16) brought; |
| 8) lie; | 17) already; |
| 9) call; | 18) plain; |

- | | |
|----------------|--------------|
| 19) continent; | 23) another; |
| 20) stretch; | 24) other. |
| 21) part; | |
| 22) bring; | |

*21. Используйте артикль **the** (или не используйте) и запишите слова в правильном месте.*

Continents: Africa, Asia, South America, Australia, Europe.

States: Alaska, Colorado, Hawaii, Texas, California.

Countries: Germany, France, Australia, Russia, the USA.

Mountains: the Appalachians, the Rockies.

Rivers: the Mississippi River.

Oceans: the Pacific, the Atlantic.

Lakes: Huron, Superior, Ontario.

Cities: Washington, Chicago, Detroit.

Streets: Broadway.

22. Дополните предложения, где это нужно.

- | | |
|---------|---------------|
| 1) on; | 7) at; |
| 2) in; | 8) at; |
| 3) of; | 9) in; |
| 4) for; | 10) in; |
| 5) as; | 11) — ; |
| 6) on; | 12) in, with. |

23. *Напишите на английском.*

A.

- 1) to fall in love with the queen;
- 2) to border on Mexico;
- 3) to flow in the ocean;
- 4) to remember to buy milk;
- 5) to be proud of Russia;
- 6) to flow east;
- 7) to be situated on the coast;
- 8) to stretch the north;
- 9) to stretch far;
- 10) to bring back.

B.

- 1) the only child;
- 2) at the same time;
- 3) wonderful lily-of-the-valley;
- 4) a chain of mountains;
- 5) Wild West;
- 6) Old World;
- 7) on the moon;
- 8) mighty river;
- 9) deep valley;
- 10) high building;
- 11) big island;
- 12) other valleys.

24. Выберите правильное слово и дополните предложения.

- 1) another;
- 2) others;
- 3) other;
- 4) another;
- 5) others;
- 6) other;
- 7) another;
- 8) other;
- 9) another;
- 10) others.

25. А. Напишите, что они только что сделали.

- 1) Sarah has just begun learning French.
- 2) Tom and Ben have just begun playing tennis.
- 3) Lizzy has just begun reading «The Old Man and the Sea».
- 4) Sam has just begun eating his lunch.
- 5) Mary has just begun playing the piano.
- 6) Mrs. Townsend has just begun driving her car.
- 7) The Morgans have just begun speaking Russian.
- 8) The Becketts have just begun building their country house.

В. Напишите, что они уже сделали.

1) Tom has already finished watching television.

2) Sally has already finished speaking on the phone.

3) Mr. and Mrs. Stubbs have already finished eating breakfast.

4) Doctor Gordon has already finished writing notes.

5) Grandma has already finished cooking dinner.

6) Charlie has already finished riding his bike.

7) The Williams have already finished building their garage.

8) Toby has already finished doing his lessons.

26. Напишите, откуда они только что вернулись.

1) Joe has just come from Houston.

2) Mrs. Hilton and her children have just come from Detroit.

3) George Finn has just come back from Chicago.

4) Sam and Andy have just come back from San Francisco.

5) Jessica has just come back from Washington D. C.

6) Mr. and Mrs. Williams have just come back from New York.

7) Barbara has just come back from Seattle.

27. *Напишите, что они только что сделали.*

- 1) She has just read the book.
- 2) They have just come back from school.
- 3) He has just taken shower.
- 4) They have just swum one hundred metres.
- 5) She has just given a lesson.
- 6) She has just closed the window.
- 7) She has just fallen down.
- 8) They have just written a test.

28. *Посмотрите на картинки и напишите, что они еще не сделали.*

- 1) She hasn't washed up.
- 2) They haven't watered the flowers.
- 3) He hasn't done the room.
- 4) She hasn't been to the bank.
- 5) They haven't taken the dog out.

29. *Составьте вопросы с данными словами.*

- 1) Have you ever been to Rome?
- 2) Have you ever seen any foreign film?
- 3) Have they ever visited Spain?
- 4) Has Sam ever swum in the sea?
- 5) Has Mary ever spoken Russian?
- 6) Has Sarah ever read English books?

30. Дополните таблицу глаголов.

№	Значение	I	II	III
1	быть, находиться	be	was, were	been
2	писать	write	wrote	written
3	дать	give	gave	given
4	кушать	eat	ate	eaten
5	брать	take	took	taken
6	смотреть	see	saw	seen
7	читать	read	read	read
8	говорить	speak	spoke	spoken
9	стать	become	became	become
10	начинать	begin	began	begun
11	позвонить	ring	rang	rung
12	делать	do	did	done

31. Используйте *has* или *have*, чтобы дополнить предложения.

- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| 1) have; | 7) have; |
| 2) have; | 8) hasn't; |
| 3) has; | 9) have; |
| 4) haven't; | 10) has; |
| 5) have; | 11) has; |
| 6) haven't; | 12) has. |

32. Дополните предложения.

- 1) I have never been there.
- 2) My daughter has already read «Little Women».
- 3) The boys have not finished their football match yet.
- 4) We have never been to that island.
- 5) Has he ever seen the Capitol?
- 6) The girls have just returned from school.
- 7) Little John has already eaten his breakfast.
- 8) Fred has just fallen off his bike.

33. Дополните диалоги. Используйте «just + present perfect».

- 1) I have just been outside.
- 2) I have just seen him.
- 3) has just begun
- 4) He has come back.
- 5) Have spoken to her.
- 6) He has just rung up.
- 7) I have just watched it.
- 8) She has just swum 350 metres.

34. Напишите, сколько раз Ник был в этих местах или делал что-то. Дополните предложения.

- 1) Yes, I have been to Australia twice.
- 2) Yes, I have read twice this book.

- 3) Yes, I have swum in the ocean three times.
- 4) Yes, I have cooked soup many times.
- 5) Yes, I have eaten mango three times.
- 6) Yes, I have spoken to the President once.

35. Дополните и разыграйте диалоги.

A.

- 1) I have just eaten one.
- 2) I have already seen it.
- 3) I have already rung her up.
- 4) I have already begun cleaning my teeth.
- 5) But I have just come back from the shop.
- 6) I have already eaten some.

B.

- 1) I have been here before.
- 2) I have swum in it before.
- 3) I have stayed here before.
- 4) I have seen it before.
- 5) I have eaten them before.
- 6) I have done it before.

36. Дополните этот текст.

- | | |
|---------|--------------------|
| 1. is; | 4. has never said; |
| 2. say; | 5. had; |
| 3. is; | 6. asked; |

- 7. was;
- 8. worked;
- 9. finds;

- 10. has just given;
- 11. is.

Тест 1.

2. Прочитайте текст и выберите правильный пункт после текста.

- 1) b; 2) c; 3) a; 4) c; 5) a.

3. Используйте предлоги, где необходимо, дополните текст.

- | | | |
|----------|--------|----------|
| 1) in; | 5) on; | 9) into; |
| 2) at; | 6) of; | 10) on; |
| 3) from; | 7) of; | 11) — ; |
| 4) to; | 8) in; | 12) of. |

4. Откройте скобки.

- 1) have never been;
- 2) has read;
- 3) have you written;
- 4) has never spoken;
- 5) have come, has taken;
- 6) hasn't eaten;
- 7) has fallen;

8) Have you rung up Betty? She has already begun preparations for the party.

6. *Даны ответы. Запишите вопросы. Используйте present perfect.*

- 1) Have you taken Rex out?
- 2) Has Max spoken to the manager last Tuesday?
- 3) Has Alice eaten her breakfast at 9 o'clock?
- 4) Have they been in London last August?
- 5) Have you ever seen Harry Potter?

7. *Запишите слова.*

- | | |
|-------------|-----------------|
| 1) chain; | 6) sky-scraper; |
| 2) island; | 7) remember; |
| 3) stretch; | 8) wild; |
| 4) valley; | 9) proud; |
| 5) already; | 10) brought. |

8. *Используйте нужные формы глаголов, чтобы дополнить текст.*

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------------|
| 1. will come; | 7. do you go; |
| 2. will ask; | 8. have you written; |
| 3. be; | 9. have become; |
| 4. to answer; | 10. knew; |
| 5. do you come; | 11. was. |
| 6. do you do; | |

Часть 2 (учебник)

Первый шаг

2. *Объясните, почему это так.*

- 1) Yes, they have painted it.
- 2) He has been there many times.
- 3) I have washed it.
- 4) They have come back from the shops.
- 5) I have given him a call.
- 6) I have just begun reading it.
- 7) He has fallen from his bike.
- 8) I haven't spoken to him yet.

3. *Посмотрите на картинки и ответьте на вопросы.*

1. Frank has bought flowers for his sister.
2. Polly has brought a cake home.
3. The children have found a puppy.
4. Bob has built a sand castle.
5. The Morgans have met the Queen.
6. He has just had banana.
7. Friend have left for Liverpool.
8. Tom has caught a mouse.
9. Lena has sent three letters and two postcards to her Granny.
10. The girl has spent 10 pounds on books.

12. Дополните предложения.

- 1) Dutch;
- 2) Chinese;
- 3) Japanese;
- 4) Russian;
- 5) The British;
- 6) Spanish;
- 7) English or French;
- 8) Australians;
- 9) French;
- 10) German.

13. Это Джон Баркер. Составьте вопросы и спросите, что он уже сделал.

- 1) Has John already been to Washington, D.C.?
- 2) Has John already seen the Capitol?
- 3) Has John already taken some pictures of the White House?
- 4) Has John already sent home any postcards?
- 5) Has John already had a trip to New York?
- 6) Has John already found many places of interest in the US?
- 7) Has John already brought any souvenirs from America?
- 8) Has John already met any interesting people in the USA?

Второй шаг

4. Коллин Бакстер собирается отмечать день рождения вечером. Он хочет знать, все ли готово. Скажите, какие вопросы он задает своей помощнице Эллис.

- 1) Have you got answers from my friends?
- 2) Have you cleaned the floors?
- 3) Have you done the dining room?
- 4) Have you made an apple pie?
- 5) Have you baked the cake?
- 6) Have you bought fruit and sweets?
- 7) Have you sent for the flowers?
- 8) Have you rung up my mother?
- 9) Have you brought more chairs from the library?
- 10) Have you thought of any nice music?

7. Прочитайте текст и выберите правильный вариант ответа.

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) a; | 5) b; |
| 2) b; | 6) a; |
| 3) b; | 7) b; |
| 4) a; | 8) b. |

9. Дополните предложения.

- 1) have broken;
- 2) have you chosen;
- 3) has never ridden;
- 4) has just driven;
- 5) has Nick gone, he has gone;
- 6) has never broken;
- 7) have you chosen;
- 8) have you ever ridden;
- 9) have already driven;
- 10) has she gone, she has gone.

11. Напишите на английском.

To belong to the family, by and by, to develop, slowly, to make a speech, Latin, to change slowly, the best way, long way, pleasant sounds, to grow in the south, dry land, wonderful country, to become a man.

Третий шаг

3. Образуйте наречия от данных прилагательных и используйте их в предложениях.

- 1) coldly;
- 2) lazily;
- 3) stylishly;

- 4) traditionally;
- 5) bravely;
- 6) lightly;
- 7) honestly;
- 8) happily;
- 9) really;
- 10) warmly.

4. Перефразируйте предложения.

A.

- 1) The sky is cloudless.
- 2) Jack is hairless.
- 3) The job is useless.
- 4) The valley is endless.
- 5) Mrs. Loveday is hopeless.
- 6) The tree is leafless.
- 7) The sky is starless.

B.

- 1) The boy's manners are unpleasant.
- 2) Jack is unable to do it.
- 3) That was unusual job.
- 4) Mr. Flint is unsuccessful businessman.
- 5) Jane clothes are unstylish.
- 6) Helen is unselfish.
- 7) Bob is unsure of our success.
- 8) It was unofficial visit.

5. Past Simple или Present Perfect.

- 1) I saw, he was;
- 2) I have just broken;
- 3) we have bought;
- 4) bought;
- 5) rode;
- 6) has already finished;
- 7) have chosen;
- 8) did he go;
- 9) have you ever eaten;
- 10) I have had;
- 11) taught;
- 12) got;
- 13) have found;
- 14) fought;
- 15) he has never been.

8. Дополните предложения, используя новые слова.

- 1) vocabulary;
- 2) air;
- 3) true;
- 4) probably;
- 5) kind;
- 6) scientist;
- 7) science;
- 8) popular;
- 9) voice;

- 10) fresh;
- 11) science and technology;
- 12) culture.

11. Перефразируйте предложения. Используйте наречия.

- 1) John reads slowly.
- 2) They sing the song differently.
- 3) Jim can speak freely.
- 4) Barbara dresses stylishly.
- 5) He always greets me warmly.
- 6) Mary dislikes cats strongly.
- 7) Tom knows how to do this job cleverly.
- 8) Dress warmly, the weather is very cold today.
- 9) Jane spoke sadly.
- 10) The news surprised me greatly.

12. Переведите на английский.

A true friend, a true answer, different cultures, kind of angry, fresh fruits, rich vocabulary, warm air, probable answer, science and technology, popular with tourists, high voice, great scientist, different kinds, scientific facts.

Четвертый шаг

2. Рой и его друзья любят учить иностранные языки. Они знают язык страны, из которой они родом, и язык той страны, где они живут сейчас. Скажите, на каких языках они разговаривают.

1) Patrick speaks German and he can also speak Chinese.

2) Barbara speaks Norwegian and also she speaks Japanese.

3) Oleg speaks Russian and also he speaks Canadian.

4) Viktor speaks French and now he also speaks Canadian.

5) Kate speaks Mexican and she also speaks Portuguese.

6) Zara speaks English and she also speaks Vietnamese.

7) Sue speaks Irish and she also speaks English.

8) Peter speaks Belorussian and he also speaks English.

3. Дополните диалоги. Выберите ответы из части В.

1) с;

4) а;

7) h;

2) f;

5) b;

8) в.

3) е;

6) g;

5. Составьте диалоги и разыграйте их.

1. A: I have already cooked lunch.

B: When did you cook it?

A: I cooked it an hour ago.

2. A: I have already begun reading a Harry Potter book.

B: When did you begin?

A: I began to read it last week.

3. A: I have already left Moscow.

B: When have you left Moscow?

A: I have left it two weeks ago.

4. A: I have already chosen a present.

B: When did you do it?

A: I did it a minute ago.

5. A: I have already broken my mother's cup.

B: When did you break it?

A: I broke it yesterday.

6. A: I have already ridden my bike.

B: When did you ride?

A: I rode it last week-end.

7. A: I have already spoken to our new teacher.

B: When did you speak to her?

A: Last Friday I spoke to her.

8. A: I have already sent a birthday card to mum.

B: When did you send?

A: I have sent it three days ago.

9. A: I have already learnt the poem.

B: When did you learn it?

A: I learnt it yesterday.

10. A: I have already done the exercises.

B: When did you do it?

A: I did it last evening.

11. A: I have already made a dress.

B: When did you make it?

A: I did it a few days ago.

6. *Что Сара говорит?*

1) have played;

4) have seen;

2) watched;

5) spoke.

3) have called;

11. *Объясните ситуации.*

1) Jane has burnt the apple pie. Jane has burnt it because she forget to switch it off in time.

2) Samantha has put on her new dress. Samantha has put on the new dress because she wanted to look nice at the party.

3) Little Willy has spelt his name correctly. Little Willy has spelt his name correctly because he knew how to write.

4) Tina has made no mistakes in the text. Tina has made no mistakes in the text because she prepared to the test well.

5) The teacher has let me miss his class. The teacher did it because I looked very pale.

6) We have already heard the news. We have already heard the news because our mom has called us.

7) Boris hasn't told us the truth. Boris hasn't told us the truth because he wanted us to be out of danger.

8) James has won the game. James has won the game because he was really a great player.

Пятый шаг

2. У вас был плохой день. Ваш старший брат или сестра очень расстроены по этому поводу. Составьте диалоги и разыграйте их.

1) Why haven't you eaten the porridge? — Sorry, I was not hungry.

2) Why haven't you finished your homework? — Sorry, my friend rang me up.

3) Why haven't you cleaned your room? — Sorry, I was busy.

4) Why haven't you rung the doctor up? — Sorry, I forgot his telephone number.

5) Why haven't you done the shopping? — Sorry, I left the money at home.

6) Why haven't you watched the new film? — Sorry, I missed it.

7) Why haven't you learnt the poem? — Sorry, I found it very difficult.

8) Why haven't you won the race? — Sorry, I wasn't ready for it.

9) Why haven't you made chocolate cake? — Sorry, I had no butter at home.

4. Дополните предложения, используя present perfect и прилагательные в превосходной степени.

1) It is the most interesting film I have ever seen.

2) It is the most boring book I have ever read.

3) Your marks are the most terrible marks you have ever had.

4) It is the best hat I have ever seen on you.

5) This winter is the coldest winter we have ever had.

6) This basketball player is the tallest player I have ever seen.

7) These holidays are the best holidays the children ever had.

8) The result of the game is the worst I have ever seen.

6. А. Назовите 3 вещи, которые могут быть.

1) music, people, book;

- 2) air, fruit, water;
- 3) friend, information, life;
- 4) sports, meeting, visit;
- 5) people, vocabulary, country;
- 6) answer, way, result;
- 7) life, book, work;
- 8) song, test, day.

В. Перефразируйте с помощью только что изученных слов.

- 1) prefer;
- 2) follow;
- 3) pronunciation;
- 4) maybe;
- 5) fast;
- 6) rich;
- 7) regularly.

С. Найдите слова с противоположным значением.

Early — late;
seldom — often;
popular — unknown;
poor — rich;
modern — old;
slow — fast;
good — bad;
forget — remember;

to tell a lie — to tell the truth;
to stay — to leave.

7. Напишите, что говорят эти люди.

- 1) I have never heard such loud music.
- 2) I have never seen the girl like you.
- 3) I have never read such a boring book.
- 4) I have never seen such a sad movie.
- 5) I have never eaten such a tasty cake.
- 6) I have never ridden such a fast car.
- 7) I have never read such a warm letter.
- 8) I have never seen such a popular singer.
- 9) I have never played such a difficult match.

12. Дополните предложения. Используйте предлоги, где это необходимо

- | | |
|------------|----------------|
| 1) for; | 5) to; |
| 2) at, — ; | 6) by, to, by; |
| 3) — ; | 7) in; |
| 4) on; | 8) up. |

13. С артиклем или без?

- | | |
|--------|---------|
| 1) — ; | 6) a; |
| 2) — ; | 7) — ; |
| 3) an; | 8) a; |
| 4) — ; | 9) — ; |
| 5) a; | 10) — . |

Часть 2 (рабочая тетрадь — 1)

10. Прочитайте текст и выберите правильный ответ после текста.

- | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|
| 1) c; | 4) b; | 7) b. |
| 2) b; | 5) c; | |
| 3) b; | 6) a; | |

11. Прочитайте текст и ответьте на вопросы.

1) It is important to learn foreign languages because it helps people to exchange information and to develop understanding.

2) English is called global language and lingua franca because nearly in all countries of the world people speak it.

3) For Nastya it is fun to communicate with people from different countries that's why she wants to learn English.

4) When you travel abroad you have to speak English because many people speak it.

5) Yes, people speak English almost everywhere.

6) Nastya send e-mails twice a week to her international friends.

7) To learn English better Nastya reads a lot, listens to songs in English and watches different video-films and satellites TV programmes in English.

15. Дополните текст.

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------|
| 1. Great Britain; | 5. official; |
| 2. Africa; | 6. variants; |
| 3. Scotland; | 7. schools; |
| 4. Kingdom; | 8. television. |

19. Дополните новые слова и запишите.

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------|
| 1) maybe; | 16) way; |
| 2) vocabulary; | 17) voice; |
| 3) follow; | 18) prefer; |
| 4) perfect; | 19) forget; |
| 5) pronunciation; | 20) by and by; |
| 6) culture; | 21) following; |
| 7) belong; | 22) air; |
| 8) rich; | 23) slowly; |
| 9) fresh; | 24) popular; |
| 10) also; | 25) in fact; |
| 11) regular; | 26) sound; |
| 12) speech; | 27) grow; |
| 13) science; | 28) develop; |
| 14) practice; | 29) probably; |
| 15) technology; | 30) need. |

20. Запишите слова.

- | | |
|------------|---------|
| 1) prefer; | 2) air; |
|------------|---------|

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 3) grew; | 14) by; |
| 4) regular; | 15) way; |
| 5) belong; | 16) scientific; |
| 6) following; | 17) kind; |
| 7) beginning; | 18) forget; |
| 8) culture; | 19) vocabulary; |
| 9) sound; | 20) speech; |
| 10) technology; | 21) popular; |
| 11) develop; | 22) science; |
| 12) probably; | 23) true; |
| 13) perfect; | 24) need; |

*21. В названиях стран используйте, где нужно, артикль **the**, и запишите официальные языки этих стран.*

The USA — English;

Australia — English;

China — Chinese;

the Russian Federation — Russian;

England — English;

Holland — Dutch;

Japan — Japanese;

the United Kingdom — English;

Norway — Norwegian;

Spain — Spanish;

Italy — Italian;

Canada — Canadian;

Germany — German;
Portugal — Portuguese;
Vietnam — Vietnamese.

22. Дополните предложения, используя слова из таблицы, если нужно.

- | | | |
|----------|------------|-----------|
| 1) of; | 6) — ; | 11) to; |
| 2) in; | 7) for; | 12) from; |
| 3) — ; | 8) to; | 13) of. |
| 4) with; | 9) like; | |
| 5) — ; | 10) along; | |

23. Напишите на английском.

A.

- 1) to sound beautiful;
- 2) to speak slowly;
- 3) to forget the address;
- 4) to make a speech in the Parliament;
- 5) to be popular with someone;
- 6) to wait for the bus;
- 7) to look fresh;
- 8) to give forget-me-nots;
- 9) to read the following words;
- 10) to prefer riding the bicycle;
- 11) it comes with practice;
- 12) to grow on trees.

B.

- 1) a true friend;
- 2) in other words;
- 3) modern culture;
- 4) in scientific field;
- 5) probable result;
- 6) a real picture of life;
- 7) really;
- 8) a fast train;
- 9) great scientist;
- 10) in the open air;
- 11) rich vocabulary;
- 12) scientific devices.

24. Выберите правильное слово — *too* или *also* — и составьте предложение.

- | | | | |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1) too; | 4) too; | 7) too; | 10) too. |
| 2) also; | 5) also; | 8) also; | |
| 3) also; | 6) also; | 9) too; | |

25. A. Запишите, что они недавно / давно сделали.

- 1) Ann has seen a lot of foreign films recently.
- 2) Albert has recently read A. Christie in the original.
- 3) The Goodmans have recently moved to the new flat.

4) Lately the Beds have visited London and Paris.

5) Lately Jack and Tom have sent e-mails to each other.

6) The sisters have recently finished the school.

7) Lately the baby has learnt to talk.

8) Lately Laura has made progress in English.

B. Напишите, что они сделали впервые.

1) It's the first time Molly has made a cake.

2) It's the first time Robert has written a test with no mistakes.

3) It's the first time when Grandma has seen my boyfriend.

4) It's the first time when Patrick and Paul have fought.

5) It's the first time when Ben has gone on a trip to Europe.

6) It's the first time the puppy has run away.

7) It's the first time our neighbors have invited us to their party.

8) It's the first time John has bought a dictionary.

26. Они только что вернулись из этих стран. Напишите, какие языки они выучили.

1) Sarah has just come from Holland. She has learnt Dutch.

2) William has just come from France. He has learnt French.

3) Natasha has come from Canada. She has learnt English and French.

4) Andrew and Peter have come from Japan. They have learnt Japanese.

5) Mark, Olga, Jane have just come from China. They have learnt Chinese there.

6) Hans has come from the USA. He has learnt English.

7) Mr. and Mrs. Rogers have just come from Spain. They have learnt Spanish.

27. Напишите, что они еще не сделали.

1) David hasn't gone to bed yet.

2) Sarah hasn't made breakfast yet.

3) The students haven't talked about the new project yet.

4) Kitty hasn't learnt the poem by heart yet.

5) The boys haven't cleaned the room yet.

6) The sisters haven't washed up.

7) Pauline hasn't read the article.

8) The children haven't listened to the song yet.

28. Посмотрите на картинки и запишите, что они уже сделали.

1) Andy has already eaten his lunch.

2) Alice and Liz have already played tennis.

- 3) The Borisovs have already visited Britain.
- 4) Tanya and Sveta have already seen the film.
- 5) Brian has already read a book by Philip Pullman.

29. Составьте из слов предложения.

- 1) Haven't heard from him lately.
- 2) We have just come to Moscow.
- 3) Polly has already done her English.
- 4) They haven't made the beds yet.
- 5) This group has just visited the museum.
- 6) It is the first time we have seen her.

30. Дополните таблицу глаголов.

№	Значение	I	II	III
1	расти	grow	grew	grown
2	забыть	forget	forgot	forgotten
3	сделать	make	made	made
4	плавать	swim	swam	swum
5	предпочитать	prefer	preferred	preferred
6	нуждаться	need	needed	needed
7	видеть	see	saw	seen
8	встретить	meet	met	met
9	находить	find	found	found
10	поймать	catch	caught	caught
11	оставить	leave	left	left
12	принести	bring	brought	brought

31. *Используйте has или have, чтобы дополнить предложение, запишите.*

- | | | |
|----------|-------------|--------------|
| 1) have; | 5) have; | 9) have; |
| 2) has; | 6) haven't; | 10) have; |
| 3) has; | 7) have; | 11) haven't; |
| 4) has; | 8) has; | 12) has. |

32. *Дополните предложения и запишите их.*

1) I have always wanted to become a computer programmer.

2) We haven't discussed our future yet.

3) For today's class I have already learned several irregular verbs. I have also studied the new grammar rules.

4) We have just come from a school trip.

5) Have you heard from Masha lately? I have already sent her two e-mails but she hasn't answered them yet.

6) Lately English has become a global language.

7) Who has already got a good dictionary at home?

8) Nick's grandmother has never been away from her native town.

9) I have looked this information up in the Internet but haven't found anything interesting yet.

10) They have just passed their exams and feel very tired.

33. Дополните диалоги письменно. Используйте **present perfect** или **past simple**.

1) — Have you practiced your English today?

— Yes, I have.

— When did you practice it?

— At my first lesson.

2) — Have you already done your homework?

— Yes, we have done it.

— When did you do your homework?

— Two hours ago.

3) — Have you seen this film?

— Yes, I have. It's a very interesting film.

— When did you see it?

— Yesterday.

4) — Have you cleaned your room? It is so tidy!

— Naturally, I have.

— When did you do it?

— Right after breakfast.

5) — They have just finished writing their test.

— Oh, have they? And where did they write it?

— At school.

6) — Have they started Unit 2?

— I believe they have.

— When did they start?

— Last Monday.

7) — Have you ever met John's uncle?

— It's a pity, but I have not.

— And why didn't you meet him?

— He has come from New Zealand not long ago and it was wonderful.

8) — Have you washed the clothes?

— Of course, I have washed clothes.

— When did you wash it?

— When you were taking the dog out.

34. Мама Энтони Джонсона пришла в школу поговорить с учителем английского своего сына. Дополните вопросы учителя и ответы мамы и запишите их.

1) — Has Anthony ever asked you to help him with his homework?

— No, he hasn't. He always does it himself.

2) — Has he ever shown you his copy-books?

— Yes, he has. He always shows me his copy-books.

3) — Has he ever told you about his progress at school?

— Yes, he has. He always tells me about it.

4) — Has he ever attended English courses?

— No, he hasn't. He studies only at school.

5) — Has he ever been to England?

— No, he hasn't. He doesn't travel much.

6) — Has he ever invited you to our school concerts?

— Yes, he has. He always invites me to the concerts at school.

35. Дополните и разыграйте диалоги.

A.

- | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| 1) have had; | 4) have worked; |
| 2) have put; | 5) have been; |
| 3) hasn't invited; | 6) have got. |

B.

- 1) It's the highest hill I have ever climbed.
- 2) It's the tastiest cake I have ever made.
- 3) She's the most talented actress I have ever met.
- 4) This text is the most difficult text I have ever read.
- 5) Jack's pronunciation is the most beautiful I have ever heard.
- 6) It's the most interesting dance contest I have ever taken part in.

36. Напишите, что вы всегда хотели сделать.

- 1) I have always wanted to read the book in English.
- 2) I have always wanted to watch the film you are talking about.
- 3) I have always wanted to visit France.
- 4) I have always wanted to see the world.
- 5) I have always wanted to try Thai food.

6) I have always wanted to do my homework quickly.

7) I have always wanted to grow the flowers.

8) I have always wanted to learn two foreign languages.

37. Дополните текст и ответьте на вопрос внизу.

1. were;

6. made;

11. behave;

2. lived;

7. put;

12. said;

3. rented;

8. went;

13. put;

4. had;

9. looked;

14. left.

5. woke up;

10. will take;

Yes, I think it was a nice cat and he followed all instructions.

38. Напишите свои предложения с данными глаголами и словосочетаниями.

1) My dog has brought a toy in my bed this morning.

2) I have bought a new dress this week.

3) They have built a very large house on our street this year.

4) Children have found a nice place to play this afternoon.

5) Tom has left Moscow this morning.

6) He has broken my heart by his words this afternoon.

- 7) Our family has chosen the new flat this year.
 8) My friend has ridden 20 kilometers this week.
 9) The teacher has gone out of room.
 10) This year we have written two important tests.

39. Дополните таблицу.

<i>Русское слово</i>	<i>Американское слово</i>	<i>Британское слово</i>
конфета	candy	sweet
аптека	drugstore	chemist's
свитер	sweater	jumper
кинофильм	movie	film
кинотеатр	movies	cinema
осень	fall	autumn
печенье	cookies	biscuits
бензин	gas	petrol
жареный картофель	chips	French fries
брюки	pants	trousers
грузовик	truck	lorry
мусорная корзина	garbage can	dustbin
автостоянка	parking lot	car park
тротуар	sidewalk	pavement
кран	faucet	tap

40. Прочитайте предложения и запишите свою реакцию, показывающую удивление.

- | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| 1) Fancy that! | 6) Oh, dear me! |
| 2) I am shocked. | 7) Fancy that! |
| 3) I am surprised. | 8) You don't say so! |
| 4) It's incredible! | 9) Really? |
| 5) Is that so? | 10) Is that so? |

Test 2

2. Прочитайте текст и дополните его словами из таблицы.

1. d; 2. b; 3. e; 4. a; 5. c.

3. А. Используйте артикли **the**, **a** / **an** или нулевой артикль.

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| 1) a; | 4) zero article; |
| 2) zero article; | |
| 3) the, zero article; | 5) zero article. |

В. Используйте **too** или **also** для дополнения предложений.

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| 1) also; | 3) too; |
| 2) too; | 4) also. |

4. Дополните предложения.

1) — Granny, have you found my trainers?

— Yes, dear. I have.

— Where did you find them?

— They were under the sofa.

2) — Has she ever met this gentleman?

— Yes, she has.

— When did she meet him?

— It happened last autumn.

3) — Have the Browns left for Paris?

— Yes, they have. They flew there yesterday evening.

5. Напишите четыре предложения, выражающих удивление.

1) Is that so?

3) You don't say so!

2) Really?

4) Fancy that!

6. Образуйте новые слова из слов в скобках и дополните ими предложения.

1) endless;

4) easily;

2) cloudless;

5) happily;

3) childless;

6) terribly.

7. Напишите слова.

1) true;

2) air;

- | | |
|----------------|--------------------|
| 3) perfect; | 7) regularly; |
| 4) popular; | 8) rich; |
| 5) scientist; | 9) follow; |
| 6) technology; | 10) pronunciation. |

8. Используйте нужную форму глагола и дополните текст.

- | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| 1) made; | 8) live; |
| 2) don't stop; | 9) is; |
| 3) cried; | 10) has always been; |
| 4) I haven't begun; | 11) gave; |
| 5) smiled; | 12) followed; |
| 6) went on; | 13) had; |
| 7) lived; | 14) will have. |

Часть 3 (учебник)

Первый шаг

4. Кто они?

- 1) The name of the other bird is swallow.
- 2) The other birds are white.
- 3) The other birds are on the ground and in the sky.
- 4) The owl is eating a mouse.
- 5) The parrot is talking. The ostrich is walking.
- 6) The crow is big.

5. Дополните предложения, используя слова в таблице.

- | | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 1) the other; | 9) others; |
| 2) the others; | 10) others; |
| 3) the others; | 11) another; |
| 4) the other; | 12) other; |
| 5) another; | 13) other; |
| 6) another; | 14) the other; |
| 7) others; | 15) the others. |
| 8) the other; | |

6. Скажите, какой язык и как долго дети учили.

- 1) Tom has been learning Russian for 3 years.
- 2) Jenny has been learning French for 5 years.
- 3) Peter has been learning Latin for a year.
- 4) Robin has been learning German for 2 years.
- 5) Diana has been learning Italian for 4 years.
- 6) Sam has been learning Chinese since 2003.
- 7) Brian has been learning Japanese since 2000.
- 8) Matilda has been learning Greek since 1998.
- 9) Nora has been learning Irish since 2004.
- 10) William has been learning Spanish since 1999.

8. Дополните предложения.

- | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| 1) has been drawing; | 7) have been living; |
| 2) has been working; | 8) has been cooking; |
| 3) has been sleeping; | 9) has been reading; |
| 4) have been learning; | 10) has been |
| 5) has been snowing; | teaching. |
| 6) have been playing; | |

9. Прочитайте текст и выберите правильный ответ после текста.

- 1) a; 2) a; 3) b; 4) b; 5) c.

10. Напишите, какие это птицы.

- 1) nightingale; 2) parrot;

- | | |
|-------------|----------------|
| 3) pigeon; | 7) woodpecker; |
| 4) seagull; | 8) swan; |
| 5) magpie; | 9) owl. |
| 6) lark; | |

11. О чем вы можете спросить этих людей?

- 1) Have you found the work?
- 2) Have you done your homework?
- 3) Have you bought a new mobile?
- 4) Have you visited New Zealand?
- 5) Have you made a successful film?
- 6) Have you found your dog?
- 7) Have you gone to a disco?
- 8) Have you met your friend?

Второй шаг

2. Соотнесите предложения в двух колонках.

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) d; | 5) c; |
| 2) g; | 6) f; |
| 3) b; | 7) e; |
| 4) a; | 8) h. |

4. *Работа в парах. Спросите, как долго они этим занимаются. Ваш партнер ответит на вопрос.*

1) — How long have Mary and Kate been skiing?

— Mary and Kate have been skiing since afternoon.

2) — How long have the children been learning English?

— The children have been learning English since last year.

3) — How long has cousin Fred been resting?

— Cousin Fred has been resting since yesterday.

4) — How long have the Robinsons been cooking?

— The Robinsons have been cooking since morning.

5) — How long has Julia been talking by phone?

— Julia has been talking by phone since she came home from school.

6) — How long have the tourists been to museum?

— The tourists have been to museum since ten on the morning.

7) — How long has Jack been skating?

— Jack has been skating since 4 o'clock.

8) — How long have the parents been shopping?

— The parents have been shopping since 5 p.m.

9) — How long have the teachers been talking?

— The teachers have been talking since the end of school.

10) — How long has it been snowing?

— It has been snowing since yesterday evening.

5. *Как долго они это делали?*

1) has been working for;

2) has been watching TV for;

3) has been fishing for;

4) has been lying in the sun for;

5) have been running for;

6) have been driving;

7) have been playing;

8) has been reading;

9) have been waiting for.

6. *Найдите соответствия имен животных на английском и русском языках.*

1) i; 4) g; 7) j; 10) l;

2) k; 5) h; 8) e; 11) f;

3) d; 6) a; 9) b; 12) c.

8. *Скажите, какие животные домашние, какие дикие.*

Domestic: a sheep, a pig, a horse, a rabbit, a dog.

Wild: a deer, a kangaroo, an elephant, a hare, a tiger, a squirrel, a wolf, a monkey, a lion.

11. Дополните предложения и переведите на русский.

1) I have been waiting. — Я ждала тебя полчаса. Почему ты опоздала?

2) has been living.— Дженни жила на этом месте с 1960. Она всех знает здесь.

3) has been learning. — Питер учил испанский только полгода. Его произношение не очень хорошее.

4) have been building. — Роза и ее муж строили гараж все лето и еще не закончили.

5) have been travelling. — Мои родители путешествуют по США уже 2 недели. Они скоро возвращаются.

6) have been watching. — Дети смотрят телевизор уже полчаса. Я думаю, что выведу их на прогулку.

7) has been washing up. — Руфь моет посуду с послеобеденного времени. Вся посуда становится чистой.

12. Работа в парах. Дополните вопросы, и пусть ваш партнер на них ответит.

1) How long have you been doing these exercises?
I have been doing them for 1,5 hours.

2) Since when have you been painting the picture? I have been painting the picture since autumn.

3) How long has she been waiting for her lunch?
She has been waiting for her lunch for 0,5 hour.

4) Since when have they been growing these plants? They have been growing these plants since May.

5) How long have you been staying at this hotel?
I have been staying at this hotel for 3 days.

13. Напишите на английском.

Half an hour, an hour and a half, half an apple, banana and a half, month and a half, two weeks and a half, first half of the century, three minutes and a half.

Третий шаг

3. Скажите, как долго они это делали.

1) Julia has been wearing her shoes since she bought them last summer.

2) Boris has been reading this book since he has borrowed it from the library.

3) Chris has been taking pictures since his father has given him the camera.

4) Brian and Mary have been living in this house since they have come to town.

5) The Davidsons have been playing the piano since 1999.

6) Bill has been riding his bike since he has got it as a birthday present.

7) They have been using the garage since they have built it.

8) Jim has been drinking from this cup since I have given it to him two years ago.

4. Что это значит на русском?

1) Посмотри на себя! Твое лицо грязное.

2) Пэм оделась и спустилась вниз на кухню.

3) Они никогда не говорили о себе.

4) Мэри всегда ходит по магазинам сама.

5) Боб очень маленький. Он не может сам открыть дверь.

6) Я сам не знаю ничего об этом.

7) Ты сама слышала это, не так ли?

8) Мы сами пойдем туда и посмотрим, что там происходит.

9) Мне понравилась музыка, но сама пьеса нет.

10) Сам подумай, я тебе не скажу.

5. Дополните предложения. Используйте возвратные местоимения, где необходимо.

1) yourself;

2) himself;

3) — ;

4) — ;

5) themselves;

6) herself;

7) myself;

8) — ;

9) ourselves;

10) themselves.

7. Дополните предложения новыми словами.

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1) support; | 8) soil; |
| 2) desert; | 9) discovered; |
| 3) insects; | 10) common; |
| 4) breathe, air; | 11) move; |
| 5) species; | 12) earth; |
| 6) discoveries; | 13) soil, roots; |
| 7) include; | 14) air. |

8. Какое слово употребить — **Earth, soil** или **land**?

- | | | |
|-----------|-----------|----------|
| 1) soil; | 4) land; | 7) soil; |
| 2) Earth; | 5) Earth; | 8) land. |
| 3) soil; | 6) land; | |

10. Ответьте на вопросы по тексту.

1) Living things include that is not a plant.

2) We can't say that we studied all the plants and animals on the planet.

3) Plants get their food from air and soil, and animals eat plants or other animals. Also animals can move, and plants are at the same place.

4) It is not always true because some plant can also catch and «eat» insects. And there are plants that move and animals that don't leave their places.

5) No. There are no animals that you can see only through microscope.

6) People cultivate plants and domesticate animals.

11. Дополните предложения.

- 1) for; 3) for; 5) since; 7) for.
2) since; 4) for; 6) since;

12. Напишите то же самое по-другому.

- 1) I do my homework myself.
- 2) Anna learns Spanish herself.
- 3) The children decorate their classroom themselves.
- 4) Mr. and Mrs. Page plant the trees themselves.
- 5) Jason moves the desks in the office himself.
- 6) We made porridge ourselves.
- 7) They made photos for their album themselves.
- 8) The bee makes honey itself.

Четвертый шаг

2. Придумайте начало предложений.

- 1) I have been talking to you since I came back.
- 2) I have been watching English films since I began learning English.
- 3) I have been looking for that book since we moved in.
- 4) I have been using it since I made it.

5) I have been cooking this dish since my mother showed me how to do it.

6) I have been listening to this disk since my friends give it to me.

7) I have been playing this game since my parents bought it to me.

8) I have been missing a friend since my cousin left.

3. Как долго они это делали?

1) Mrs. Wenders has been a teacher since 2001.

2) James has been a cosmonaut for ten years.

3) Jim has been a worker since he finished school.

4) William and Bob have been photographers for three years.

5) Patrick has been a pilot since 1998.

6) Diana has been a painter for a year and a half.

4. Как долго это у них?

1) The Croppers have had the house for three years.

2) Miss Simpson has had the hat for years.

3) Megan has had the camera since last summer.

4) Harry has had the bicycle since his parents bought it.

5) Alan has had the recorder since last month.

6) Alice has had the mobile for two weeks.

5. А. Как долго они их знают?

1) Rose Smith has known John Parker for 6 months.

2) Simon has known Alan Willer for all his life.

3) Mrs. Parson has known Roland Scott since she visited Britain.

4) Roger Gordon has known Tony Dobson for two years.

5) Miss Hook has known Delvin for years.

6) Walter has known Sam for 3 days.

В. Скажите, что они всегда хотели сделать.

1) Roy has always wanted to become a journalist.

2) Sarah has always wanted to learn Spanish.

3) Ann has always wanted to visit Canada.

4) Tom has always wanted to write a poem.

5) David and Chris have always wanted to go to the Great lakes.

6) The Lovedays have always wanted to move to a new house.

6. Найдите соответствия в двух колонках.

1) h;

5) d;

2) a;

6) b;

3) e;

7) f;

4) g;

8) c.

12. Напишите, символами каких стран являются эти картинки.

- | | |
|-------------|---------------|
| 1. Canada; | 5. Wales; |
| 2. England; | 6. Scotland; |
| 3. Wales; | 7. Ireland; |
| 4. Russia; | 8. Australia. |

13. Дополните ситуации. Используйте слова в скобках в правильной форме.

1) The boys are playing football now. They are tired. They have been playing football for an hour and a half.

2) Tom began talking on phone an hour ago. I think he should finish. He has been talking on the phone for half an hour already.

3) Roy came to see the dentist at nine o'clock. It is 9:30 now. Roy has been waiting for the doctor since 9:00 a.m.

4) Colin became professor in 1998. He has been working in the University since he has become professor.

5) The Greens moved to Canada last summer. They live in Canada now. They have been living in Canada for about a year.

Пятый шаг

3. Сейчас 9 вечера. Скажите, как долго идет дождь / снег в этих городах.

1) It has been snowing in Moscow since 9 a.m. It has been snowing for 12 hours now.

2) It has been raining in Rome since 11 a.m. It has been raining for 10 hours.

3) It has been snowing in Paris since morning. It has been snowing for several hours.

4) It has been raining in Washington since 3 p.m. It has been raining for 6 hours.

5) It has been snowing in St. Petersburg since 4 p.m. It has been snowing for 5 hours now.

6) It has been raining in London since noon. It has been raining for several hours.

5. *Present perfect* или *present perfect progressive*?

1) has been snowing;

2) haven't seen, have you been doing;

3) have written, haven't got;

4) has been;

5) have met;

6) have missed;

7) have been phoning;

8) have been working, haven't finished;

9) have always wanted;

10) has been ringing.

6. Ответьте на вопросы.

- 1) I usually make breakfast by myself.
- 2) I usually do English exercises by myself.
- 3) I have never driven the car by myself.
- 4) I don't live all by myself.
- 5) I didn't learn to read by myself.
- 6) People sometimes speak to themselves. I never speak to myself. It happens because people want somebody to talk with.

9. Дополните предложения.

- 1) Congratulations!
- 2) Happy New Year, mom!
- 3) All the best!
- 4) Good luck!
- 5) — Happy birthday!
— Thank you.
- 6) May all your dream come true!

11. Напишите на английском.

A. Brave hare, wonderful insects, stupid ostrich, clever monkey, lazy bear, white daisy, big oak, good squirrel, evergreen pine, high pine, thin birch, blue forget-me-nots, small nightingale, wonderful lilac, bright sun flower, blue cornflower, red carnation, strong elephant, powerful lion, English oaks.

B. To feed the rabbits, to take a picture of giraffe, to see a lion, to meet a hedgehog, to plant jasmine,

to water yellow narcissuses, to grow pansies, to watch the swans.

12. Используйте правильную форму глаголов для дополнения предложений.

- 1) has been cooking;
- 2) have never seen;
- 3) have been learning;
- 4) have known, have come;
- 5) have you seen, when did you see;
- 6) has been waiting;
- 7) have always wanted;
- 8) have always loved;
9. have the children been sleeping;
- 10) have you been doing;
- 11) have had.

13. Художник забыл назвать цветы. Сделайте это за него.

- | | |
|----------------|---------------|
| 1. daisy; | 6. dandelion; |
| 2. cornflower; | 7. bluebell; |
| 3. sunflower; | 8. poppy; |
| 4. carnation; | 9. lilac. |
| 5. pansy; | |

Часть 3 (рабочая тетрадь — 1)

4. Прочитайте названия птиц, животных, насекомых и растений. Кого из них вы можете видеть на картинках? Напишите названия.

- | | |
|-----------------|------------------|
| 1) a hedgehog; | 5) a butterfly; |
| 2) a pigeon; | 6) a palm; |
| 3) a squirrel; | 7) an oak; |
| 4) a dragonfly; | 8) an evergreen. |

9. Прочитайте текст и выберите правильный ответ после него.

- 1) c; 2) b; 3) c; 4) c; 5) a; 6) b.

10. Прочитайте текст и ответьте на вопросы после него.

1) Dogs are our pets. They have different roles — working, hunting, guarding.

2) Since ancient times people have experimented with dogs to develop some specific characteristics.

3) There are different breeds: greyhounds, retrievers, collies, shepherds, Dobermans, rottweilers, St. Bernard.

4) He mentions: greyhounds, retrievers, collies, shepherds, Dobermans, rottweilers, St. Bernard, Welsh corgis, Newfoundland, setters.

5) Loyalty is the best quality of dogs.

6) Dogs are the best pets because they are loyal, friendly, intelligent.

12. Что вы знаете о флоре и фауне России?

1) The symbol of Russia is birch.

2) Foreigners usually associate a bear with Russia.

3) On the fields of Russia grow daisies, dandelions, cornflowers, sunflowers, bluebells.

4) In the gardens Russians grow carnations, roses, daises, poppies, lilacs, pansies.

5) Usual domestic animals are cats, dogs, cows, rabbits, goats, hens, geese.

6) In the woods of Russia you can meet foxes, bears, deers, hares, wolves.

7) Common Russian birds are swallows, woodpeckers, owls, magpies, crows, pigeons, blackbirds.

14. Дополните текст словами.

1. species;

4. fly;

2. discover;

5. other;

3. including;

6. common.

17. Соотнесите символы со странами.

1) с;

3) d;

5) a.

2) e;

4) b;

18. Дополните новые слова и запишите их.

- | | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 1) extract; | 16) endangered; |
| 2) blackbird; | 17) elephant; |
| 3) lion; | 18) swallow; |
| 4) squirrel; | 19) magpie; |
| 5) wolf; | 20) habitat; |
| 6) monkey; | 21) kangaroo; |
| 7) pigeon; | 22) anteater; |
| 8) hare; | 23) thistle; |
| 9) ostrich; | 24) flamingo; |
| 10) hedgehog; | 25) crocodile; |
| 11) seal; | 26) evergreen; |
| 12) species; | 27) birch; |
| 13) common; | 28) butterfly; |
| 14) each; | 29) snail; |
| 15) breathe; | 30) giraffe. |

19. Напишите слова.

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1) air; | 10) hedgehog; |
| 2) nightingale; | 11) owl; |
| 3) monkey; | 12) alligator; |
| 4) bear; | 13) support; |
| 5) desert; | 14) woodpecker; |
| 6) species; | 15) daffodil; |
| 7) insect; | 16) symbol; |
| 8) elephant; | 17) discovery; |
| 9) earth; | 18) rabbit; |

- | | |
|-------------|--------------|
| 19) crow; | 22) koala; |
| 20) coyote; | 23) swan; |
| 21) lilac; | 24) opossum. |

20. Дополните текст предлогами из рамки, если нужно.

- | | | | |
|---------|------------|-----------|------------|
| 1. on; | 6. to; | 11. of; | 16. — ; |
| 2. for; | 7. at; | 12. with; | 17. in; |
| 3. of; | 8. with; | 13. into; | 18. in; |
| 4. — ; | 9. of; | 14. at; | 19. about; |
| 5. of; | 10. about; | 15. on; | 20. in. |

21. Дополните таблицу глаголов.

№	Значение	I	II	III
1	петь	sing	sang	sung
2	писать	write	wrote	written
3	поймать	catch	caught	caught
4	строить	build	built	built
5	делать	make	made	made
6	начинать	begin	began	begun
7	находить	find	found	found
8	растить	grow	grew	grown
9	знать	know	knew	known
10	говорить	tell	told	told

22. Дополните предложения, используя **present perfect** или **present perfect progressive**.

- 1) Have you caught;
I have been looking;
- 2) I have lost;
- 3) She has been growing;
She has made;
- 4) He has been building;
Has he finished;
- 5) She has been singing;
She has been singing;
Have you ever been.

23. Напишите, что они делали с обеда.

- 1) Granny has been planting flowers in the garden.
- 2) Lizzy and Mary have been doing a project.
- 3) Mr. Green has been washing his car.
- 4) The Browns have been collecting rubbish.
- 5) Clive has been watching a DVD.
- 6) Dave has been playing chess with his brother.
- 7) The Hawkins have been choosing a pet.
- 8) Jane has been learning a poem.

24. Выберите слово: **since** или **for**.

- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| 1) for; | 3) since; |
| 2) since; | 4) since; |

- 5) for;
- 6) for;
- 7) since;

- 8) for;
- 9) since;
- 10) for.

25. Составьте вопросы с этими словами.

- 1) Has Stephen been playing tennis since morning?
- 2) Has Jane been swimming for two hours?
- 3) Have you been reading this book since autumn?
- 4) Have mum and dad been working in the garden all day?
- 5) Has Pete been watering the flowers for three hours?
- 6) Have Becky and Tom been studying all the morning?

26. Дополните предложения правильным возвратным местоимением, где нужно.

- 1) herself;
- 2) themselves;
- 3) ourselves;
- 4) — ;
- 5) himself;
- 6) myself;
- 7) yourself;
- 8) herself;
- 9) himself;
- 10) ourselves.

27. Дополните предложения, используя *present progressive* или *present perfect progressive*.

- 1) is airing;
- 2) has been cleaning;
- 3) have been sunbathing;
- 4) is building;
- 5) are watching;
- 6) has been painting;
- 7) has been writing;
- 8) is feeling.

28. Переведите на английский.

A.

- 1) nightingale's songs;
- 2) birds' language;
- 3) to make sound;
- 4) talented imitator;
- 5) to learn to speak;
- 6) pictures of plants and animals;
- 7) famous book for children;
- 8) to illustrate books;
- 9) dandelion and cornflowers;
- 10) to grow pansies and daises;
- 11) different species;
- 12) stories about squirrels and hedgehogs.

B.

1) In Russia common birds are woodpeckers, crows, ducks, sparrows and swallows.

2) Sally illustrated letters to friends with the pictures of flowers.

3) Lions, tigers, wolves are wild animals.

4) The language of birds is different from the language of people.

5) We have much in common with my friend, first of all both of us love nature.

6) Kangaroo and koala live in Australia and they are the symbols of country.

7) There are different species of bears: grizzly, brown bear, polar bear.

8) Crocodiles are different from alligators.

9) You can see many animals from other countries in the Zoo: giraffe, elephant, zebra, monkeys.

10) Most of all I like carnation and roses.

C.

1. Fauna of our planet includes different species of birds, animals, insects.

2. They are many.

3. Every year the scientists discover new species.

4. Different animals can live in the certain climate and on the certain soil.

5. For example, in the desert, where there is hot air and a few species of animals.

29. Задайте вопросы по утверждениям.

- 1) What kind of bird have you been watching for an hour?
- 2) What has Tom been collecting since childhood?
- 3) Where is Nancy planting flowers?
- 4) When did Bob and his class go to the Zoo?
- 5) How long have Liz and Paul been skating?
- 6) Why are mum and dad watering plants?
- 7) How were the children singing for half an hour?
- 8) Who brought carnations for mother?

30. Напишите короткие письма на следующие темы.

- 1) Happy Birthday! Have a nice day! Enjoy yourself! I wish all your dreams come true!
- 2) Merry Christmas and Happy New Year! Have a good time! Enjoy the next year!
- 3) Greetings on Teacher's Day! Good luck! I wish you to stay as kind as you are! Best wishes for this day!
- 4) Happy Mother's Day! I love you! Take my best wishes! Enjoy yourself!
- 5) Happy St. Valentine's Day! Have a nice day! Wish you luck! I love you! Many happy returns of the day!

31. Дополните текст.

- | | |
|------------|------------------|
| 1. was; | 7. are sitting; |
| 2. sat; | 8. will comfort; |
| 3. passed; | 9. looked; |
| 4. spoke; | 10. saw; |
| 5. can't; | 11. died; |
| 6. bring; | 12. grew. |

Тест 3

2. Прочитайте текст и поставьте параграфы в логическом порядке.

- 1) b; 2) d; 3) e; 4) c; 5) a.

3. Напишите, что вы видите на картинках.

- | | |
|--------------|-------------------|
| 1) squirrel; | 6) chrysanthemum; |
| 2) elephant; | 7) pansy; |
| 3) pigeon; | 8) dandelion; |
| 4) oak; | 9) sunflower. |

4. Используйте *present perfect* или *present perfect progressive* для дополнения предложений.

- 1) has been raining;

- 2) have never been;
- 3) have been phoning;
- 4) have always wanted;
- 5) have been working;
- 6) has been painting.

5. Используйте возвратные местоимения, где это необходимо.

- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| 1) yourself; | 5) ourselves; |
| 2) myself; | 6) herself; |
| 3) — ; | 7) yourselves; |
| 4) themselves; | 8) themselves. |

6. Напишите поздравления, которые мы говорим на особенные дни.

- 1) Merry Christmas! Best wishes!
- 2) Happy Birthday! Many happy returns of the day!
- 3) Greetings on Russian Army Day! Have a nice day!
- 4) Happy Women's Day! Take my best wishes!

7. Выберите правильное слово, чтобы дополнить предложения.

- | | |
|----------------|---------------|
| 1) the other; | 4) others; |
| 2) another; | 5) the other; |
| 3) the others; | 6) other. |

8. *Напишите слова.*

- | | |
|----------------|--------------|
| 1) woodpecker; | 6) common; |
| 2) swallow; | 7) ostrich; |
| 3) hedgehog; | 8) squirrel; |
| 4) include; | 9) discover; |
| 5) insect; | 10) hare. |

9. *Откройте скобки и дополните текст.*

- | | |
|-----------|---------------------|
| 1) are; | 6) is; |
| 2) grows; | 7) want; |
| 3) is; | 8) wash; |
| 4) looks; | 9) do they shampoo; |
| 5) does; | 10) do they use. |

Часть 4 (учебник)

Первый шаг

3. Выберите правильную форму глаголов, чтобы дополнить предложения: *past simple* или *present perfect*.

1) What has Nick worn to the party? — I don't know. I haven't seen him then.

2) Look! Bob has drawn a very good picture. I like it.

3) John flew to Paris yesterday.

4) Jane is not in Moscow. She has flown to St. Petersburg.

5) Mrs. Stubbs grew beautiful forget-me-nots in her garden last spring.

6) My little granddaughter has grown a big tomato. Would you like to look at it?

7) How long have you worn this dress? — I don't remember. I remember that I have worn it for years.

8) A cold wind is blowing out in the street. It has blown since morning.

9) Have you ever flown a kite?

10) Mr. Dixon flew to Canada last week.

11) How quickly these flowers have grown!

12) Look! What animal your cousin has drawn!

5. Скажите то же самое по-другому. Используйте новые слова.

- 1) John studies geography.
- 2) These two countries have very good relations.
- 3) The science that studies the behaviour of living things and their environment is one of the most important science nowadays.
- 4) Nowadays people work a lot on computers.
- 5) People should think a lot about the environment.
- 6) Mr. Robinson decided to put a high wall to surround the castle.
- 7) Why is it important for children to eat healthy food?
- 8) What is the population of London?
- 9) Julia has got a great number of books at home.
- 10) I would like to ask each of you some questions.

6. Есть слова, которые звучат на всех языках одинаково. Мы называем их «интернациональные». Прочитайте текст и найдите 12 таких слов.

Ecology, group, isolation, organism, energy, natural, person, ecologist, collect, information, population, diet, form.

9. Прочитайте текст и дополните предложения словами, производными от данных слова.

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. scientist; | 7. width; |
| 2. information; | 8. length; |
| 3. interesting; | 9. development; |
| 4. different; | 10. growth; |
| 5. usual; | 11. ecologists. |
| 6. population; | |

10. Поставьте слова **both** и **all** в правильных местах в предложениях.

- 1) We all are ready to help you if you need our help.
- 2) All people know that they need friends.
- 3) All the singers have come to the concert hall.
- 4) Both the brothers enjoy playing tennis.
- 5) All six chairs should stand around the table.
- 6) Both the friend are from Scotland.
- 7) Both parents watch comedies and dramas.
- 8) We can understand all other people's problems.
- 9) Both chemistry and physics are sciences.
- 10) All the children are playing in the school garden.
- 11) Both Ann's parents are doctors.

11. Дополните предложения новыми словами.

- 1) health, surroundings;
- 2) collecting;
- 3) surrounded;
- 4) environment;
- 5) survive;
- 6) growth;
- 7) collection;
- 8) study;
- 9) influenced;
- 10) population, number.

12. Вставьте предлоги, где необходимо.

- | | |
|----------|-------------|
| 1) in; | 6) between; |
| 2) — ; | 7) to; |
| 3) in; | 8) in; |
| 4) with; | 9) of; |
| 5) — ; | 10) by. |

Второй шаг

2. Посмотрите на картинки и скажите, где они находятся.

- 1) The children are among flowers.
- 2) Sam is between Peter and Kate.

- 3) The red car is between two black cars.
- 4) The low table is between two arm-chairs.
- 5) The road is among trees.
- 6) The monkey is between parrot and rabbit.

*3. А. Фред работает на Мистера Брауна. Расскажите об обязанностях Фреда. Используйте слова **has to**.*

- 1) Fred has to make tea.
- 2) Fred has to answer telephone calls.
- 3) Fred has to clean Mr. Brown's clothes.
- 4) Fred has to buy books and maps in the shop.
- 5) Fred has to take Mr. Brown's dog out.
- 6) Fred has to water flowers.
- 7) Fred has to wash Mr. Brown's car.
- 8) Fred has to put the letters on Mr. Brown's desk.

В. А какие у вас ежедневные занятия?

- 1) I have to get up early.
- 2) I have to make breakfast.
- 3) I have to make my bed.
- 4) I have to feed my pets.
- 5) I have to wash my plates.
- 6) I have to do the rooms.
- 7) I have to go to shops.
- 8) I have to help members of my family.
- 9) I have to wash the car.

- 10) I have to clean the floors.
- 11) I have to take out my dog.

С. Назовите 3—5 дел, которые вам нужно сделать вечером.

- 1) I have to wash up after the dinner.
- 2) I have to take out my dog.
- 3) I have to do my homework.
- 4) I have to go to visit my grandmother.
- 5) I have to go to bed in time.

4. Что значат эти слова?

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) b; | 4) b; |
| 2) a; | 5) b; |
| 3) b; | 6) b. |

7. Прочитайте текст и найдите эквиваленты словам и словосочетаниям, данным после текста.

- 1) to be able to live;
- 2) air to breathe;
- 3) to make soil;
- 4) as much as we can;
- 5) we cut down forests;
- 6) we pollute the environment;
- 7) we make a lot of waste;
- 8) we dump domestic and industrial waste;

- 9) pour toxic waste;
- 10) dangerous to breathe;
- 11) to survive.

9. Составьте 8 предложений об экологии.

1. Our planet should be safe to live on.
2. Our country should be powerful and happy.
3. Our air should be unpolluted and clean to breathe.
4. Our rivers, lakes and seas should be clean and not dangerous to bathe in.
5. Our food should be healthy to eat.
6. Our forests should be rich in birds and animals.
7. Our people should be healthy and happy.
8. Our water should be clean and safe to drink.

12. Используйте *between* или *among*.

- | | |
|-------------|--------------|
| 1) between; | 6) between; |
| 2) among; | 7) among; |
| 3) among; | 8) between; |
| 4) among; | 9) between; |
| 5) between; | 10) between. |

13. Дополните текст новыми словами.

- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| 1. dangerous; | 3. pollute; |
| 2. forests; | 4. polluted; |

- 5. pour;
- 6. waste;
- 7. environment;
- 8. polluted;

- 9. dump;
- 10. waste;
- 11. healthy;
- 12. ecological.

Третий шаг

2. Джон Трент проснулся поздно и не сделал много вещей, которые он обычно делает по утрам. Скажите, что он не сделал.

- 1) John left home without making his bed.
- 2) He left home without taking a shower.
- 3) He left home without taking his dog out.
- 4) John left home without having breakfast.
- 5) He left home without drinking his usual cup of tea.
- 6) He left home without helping his mother to wash the plates.
- 7) He left home without taking lunch with him.
- 8) He left home without saying goodbye to his granny.
- 9) He left home without kissing his mother goodbye.

3. Соотнесите две колонки.

- 1) d;
- 2) g;

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 3) b; | 6) c; |
| 4) a; | 7) f; |
| 5) h; | 8) e. |

5. Мистер Уилсон очень старый. Посмотрите на картинки и скажите, что он обычно делал, когда был маленький.

1. When Mr. Wilson was a small boy he used to make sand castles.

2. When Mr. Wilson was a small boy he used to ride a bicycle.

3. When Mr. Wilson was a small boy he used to go fishing.

4. When Mr. Wilson was a small boy he used to skate.

5. When Mr. Wilson was a small boy he used to drink milk.

6. When Mr. Wilson was a small boy he used to play with his dog.

7. When Mr. Wilson was a small boy he used to go to the cinema.

6. Скажите, что ваши родственники или друзья раньше делали, а теперь нет.

1. My brother used to take long walks, but now he doesn't any longer.

2. My granny used to live in the country but now she doesn't any longer.

3. My friends used to go to the cinema but now they don't any longer.

4. My sister used to watch television a lot but now she doesn't any longer.

5. My mom used to work in the garden but she doesn't any longer.

6. Tom used to collect pictures but now he doesn't any longer.

7. My friend used to write poems but now he doesn't any longer.

8. My dad used to work on the computer but now he doesn't any longer.

9. My cousin used to read at nights but she doesn't any longer.

10. Mary used to dance but now she doesn't any longer.

11. My grandpa used to drive a car but now he doesn't any longer.

7. Скажите, как все происходило раньше и как происходит сейчас.

1) Some time ago people used to travel on horseback but now people travel by car, train and bus.

2) Some time ago people used to wash things by hand but now they wash thing in a washing machine.

3) Some time ago people used to write letters but now they can send e-mails.

4) Some time ago people used to write books by hand but now they print books.

5) Some time ago people used to read more books but now they watch television.

6) Some time ago people used to have big families with a lot of children but now they have smaller families.

7) Some time ago people used to die earlier but now they live longer lives.

8) Some time ago people used to walk up stairs and downstairs but now they use lifts.

9) Some time ago people used to know not so much about our planet but now they know a lot about it.

10) Some time ago people used to dream about flying to the stars but now people do it.

*10. Используйте слово **take** в правильной форме.*

1) took, takes;

2) takes;

3) will take;

4) took;

5) will it take;

6) takes;

7) took;

8) takes;

9) has taken;

10) has it taken.

11. Вставьте пропущенные слова, где необходимо.

1) in;

6) to;

2) — ;

7) into;

3) of;

8) on, without;

4) of, in, in;

9) in;

5) among;

10) — .

Четвертый шаг

9. Скажите на русском.

A.

1) Чем больше есть у нас экологических организаций, тем лучше.

2) Чем больше вы встречаете людей, тем больше у вас друзей.

3) Чем меньше вы делаете ошибок в тесте, тем выше ваша оценка.

4) Чем меньше мы разрушаем нашу планету, тем счастливее мы будем.

5) Чем добрее вы к своим домашним питомцам, тем больше они вас любят.

6) Чем больше вы говорите на английском, тем лучше вы это делаете.

7) Чем сильнее вы, тем лучше вы играете в футбол.

8) Чем больше вы смотрите телевизор, тем меньше времени у вас на чтение.

9) Чем больше мы сажаем деревьев, тем чище воздух, которым мы дышим.

10) Чем больше значков я собираю, тем интереснее это становится.

B.

Чем больше мы учим, тем больше мы знаем.

Чем больше мы знаем, тем больше мы забываем.

Чем больше мы забываем, тем меньше мы знаем.

Тогда зачем учить?

10. Соотнесите две колонки.

1) f;

6) b;

2) d;

7) e;

3) h;

8) c;

4) a;

9) i;

5) j;

10) g.

11. Напишите 5 истинных утверждений.

1) The more time I spend with my friends, the more I love them.

2) The longer I learn English, the more words I know.

3) The older I get, the wiser I become.

4) The more I think about the future, the more I wait for it.

5) The better I understand life, the easier for me to survive.

12. Используйте новые слова, чтобы закончить предложение.

1) endangered;

2) habitat;

3) protected;

4) destroy;

5) extinct;

6) protect;

7) members.

Пятый шаг

3. Скажите по-другому.

What..!

1) What a dangerous place!

4) What a powerful King!

5) What charming babies!

7) What rich area!

9) What fast rabbits!

How..!

2) How fresh the air is!

- 6) How slow the animals are!
- 8) How funny the monkeys are!
- 10) How tasty the chocolate is!

5. Дополните предложения.

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------|
| 1) must; | 5) must not; |
| 2) must; | 6) must; |
| 3) must, must not; | 7) must; |
| 4) must; | 8) must. |

6. Эти дети принадлежат к Юному клубу экологов. Они скоро собираются проводить конференцию. Скажите, как они готовятся.

- 1) Mary is responsible for interviewing a famous scientist.
- 2) Tom is responsible for inviting a well-known ecologist to school.
- 3) John is responsible for decorating the hall.
- 4) William is responsible for talking on endangered species of plants and animals.
- 5) Kate is responsible for talking on the main ecological problems.
- 6) Rob is responsible for writing questions to the members of the local government on the ecology of the place.
- 7) Helen is responsible for taking photos of the local National Park.

8) Alice is responsible for writing a letter to the local government to build a new recycling factory.

8. Прочитайте текст упражнения 7 снова и расскажите.

We can be all in danger soon because the environment is polluted.

Laws can help to protect nature because people will not want to pay money and will be careful not to pollute the environment

Politicians must listen to the scientists because scientists can offer the ways to of helping nature.

National parks can help to protect wildlife because there animals can be safe from hunting.

We can recycle paper bags, plastic bags, plastic bottles and cans, glass and metal things. It is important because it cleans the environment.

We all are responsible for making our planet a safe and beautiful place to live in.

9. В. Дополните текст. Используйте фразы для инструкций.

1. The first thing you should do...
2. The next thing you do is...
3. don't forget to...
4. Remember to...
5. Be careful not to...
6. Another thing to remember is...

10. *Используйте артикль, где нужно.*

1) — ;

6) — ;

2) the;

7) the;

3) — ;

8) the;

4) an;

9) — ;

5) the;

10) — .

11. *Напишите на английском.*

To save endangered animals, to make laws, to influence ecology, to pollute rivers, to study extinct species, to recycle waste, to be responsible for guarding the nature, to hunt wild animals, to damage forests, to destroy habitats.

Часть 4 (рабочая тетрадь — 2)

4. Прочитайте названия растений и животных. Знаете ли вы их названия на русском? Запишите слова.

- 1) лягушка;
- 2) ящерица;
- 3) динозавр;
- 4) тупик;
- 5) стрекоза;
- 6) еж;
- 7) кенгуру;
- 8) койот;
- 9) буйвол;
- 10) воробей;
- 11) сорока;
- 12) дятел;
- 13) сова;
- 14) дуб;
- 15) вяз;
- 16) бук;
- 17) сосна;
- 18) ель;
- 19) береза;
- 20) лилия;
- 21) трилистник;
- 22) лук-порей;

- 23) нарцисс;
- 24) вечнозеленые растения;
- 25) водяная лилия;
- 26) пальма.

7. Прочитайте текст и дополните его словосочетаниями.

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) d; | 6) e; |
| 2) f; | 7) i; |
| 3) b; | 8) g; |
| 4) h; | 9) c. |
| 5) a; | |

8. Прочитайте текст и поставьте параграфы в логическом порядке.

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) f; | 5) g; |
| 2) b; | 6) a; |
| 3) e; | 7) c. |
| 4) d; | |

9. Прочитайте текст и дополните предложения после него.

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) a; | 4) b; |
| 2) c; | 5) c; |
| 3) a; | 6) c. |

10. Прочитайте тексты о разных животных и соотнесите их с характеристиками. Одну характеристику использовать не нужно.

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) d; | 4) f; |
| 2) c; | 5) a. |
| 3) e; | |

11. Прочитайте текст и ответьте на вопросы после него.

1) Too much sun is dangerous because there is too much radiation then.

2) Ozone layer protects the earth from radiation.

3) The ultraviolet radiation increased in Chili because the ozone layer was destroyed and after it many sheep have eye problems.

4) Greenhouse gases are dangerous because they are too much today.

5) Burning of any king is dangerous because it produces CO₂ and NO.

6) The most greenhouse gases are produced in the US, then Europe and Russia.

17. Дополните текст.

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. polluting; | 4. polluted; |
| 2. governments; | 5. extinct; |
| 3. danger; | 6. endangered; |

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| 7. unfortunate; | 13. pollution; |
| 8. save; | 14. destroying; |
| 9. protect; | 15. habitats; |
| 10. habitats; | 16. necessary; |
| 11. responsible; | 17. recycle. |
| 12. governments; | |

20. Дополните новые слова.

- | | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 1) destroy; | 17) behaviour; |
| 2) necessary; | 18) dead; |
| 3) survive; | 19) breathe; |
| 4) healthy; | 20) collect; |
| 5) law; | 21) rubbish; |
| 6) dolphin; | 22) recycle; |
| 7) whale; | 23) solve; |
| 8) natural; | 24) surround; |
| 10) nowadays; | 25) polluted; |
| 11) protect; | 26) influence; |
| 12) duty; | 27) endangered; |
| 13) dinosaur; | 28) machine; |
| 14) each; | 29) cover; |
| 15) among; | 30) between. |
| 16) badge; | |

21. Напишите слова.

- | | |
|-----------|----------|
| 1) agree; | 3) law; |
| 2) plant; | 4) pour; |

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| 5) outside; | 15) relation; |
| 6) hunt; | 16) instinct; |
| 7) nature; | 17) behaviour; |
| 8) dump; | 18) both; |
| 9) damage; | 19) government; |
| 10) survive; | 20) solve; |
| 11) violet; | 21) among; |
| 12) safe; | 22) breathe; |
| 13) save; | 23) turn. |
| 14) whale; | |

22. Дополните эти предложения. Вставьте предлоги, если необходимо.

- | | |
|------------|-------------------|
| 1) from; | 9) for, of, in; |
| 2) for; | 10) in; |
| 3) — ; | 11) — ; |
| 4) for; | 12) for, without; |
| 5) on, to; | 13) between; |
| 6) to; | 14) from; |
| 7) at, in; | 15) into; |
| 8) in; | 16) on. |

23. Используйте a / an, the или нулевой артикль, чтобы дополнить предложения.

- | | |
|------------|-------|
| 1) a, the; | 2) a; |
|------------|-------|

- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| 3) zero article, the; | 7) zero article; |
| 4) a; | 8) zero article; |
| 5) the; | 9) the; |
| 6) zero article; | 10) zero article. |

24. Посмотрите на картинку и скажите.

a) что они рисуют?

Andy has drawn an elephant.

Peter has drawn a fox.

Linda had drawn a lion.

Alice has drawn a crocodile.

b) что они только что надели?

Bob and Nick have just worn the shoes.

Ann has just worn a coat.

Sam has just worn a shirt.

Tanya has just worn a dress.

c) что они вырастили?

Terry has just grown an oak.

Frank has just grown a bluebell.

Sally and Rick have just grown a thistle.

Mrs. Rodgers has just grown pansies.

d) куда они летят?

Tom has flown to France.

Vera has flown to England.

Kate has flown to the US.

The Reeds have flown to Russia.

25. *Напишите на английском.*

A.

- 1) a dangerous sport;
- 2) natural environment;
- 3) to save from danger;
- 4) to be responsible for buying fruits;
- 5) to destroy the environment;
- 6) to be out of law;
- 7) to hunt animals for skin;
- 8) both scientists;
- 9) to influence the life of people;
- 10) powerful power station.

B.

- 1) water to drink;
- 2) air to breathe;
- 3) book to read;
- 4) food to cook;
- 5) magazine to look;
- 6) poem to learn by heart;
- 7) birds to feed;
- 8) work to do;
- 9) film to watch;
- 10) exercise to write down.

C.

1) You needn't buy potatoes. I have already bought them.

2) You needn't get up early. Alice promised to buy bread and milk.

3) People must not pollute the environment.

4) In the 20th century the population of the planet produces much waste.

5) Factories often pour toxic waste into the rivers and sea.

6) The air is polluted in many cities.

26. Прочитайте текст и дополните его словами, производными от данных справа слов.

1) southern;

6) forty;

2) container;

7) clearly;

3) poisoned;

8) homeless;

4) scientists;

9) pollution.

5) slowly;

27. Выберите правильное слово и дополните предложение.

A.

1) both girls;

2) each;

3) all;

4) all;

5) each;

6) both.

B.

1) among;

2) between;

3) among;

4) between;

5) between;

6) among.

C.

1) what;

2) how;

3) how;

4) what;

5) what;

6) how;

7) how;

8) how;

9) how;

10) what.

28. Борис недавно поменял школу. Напишите ему письмо и спросите, нужно ли ему теперь делать эти вещи.

1) Do you have to go to school by bus?

2) Do you have to wear a uniform at school?

3) Do you have to learn two foreign languages?

4) Do you have to spend much time in the school library?

5) Do you have to clean the classrooms after classes?

6) Do you have to do a lot of homework?

29. Дополните таблицу глаголов.

№	Перевод	I	II	III
1	дуть	blow	blew	blown
2	выживать	survive	survived	survived
3	рисовать	draw	drew	drown
4	окружать	surroun- ded	surroun- ded	surroun- ded
5	летать	fly	flew	flown
6	расти	grow	grew	grown
7	носить	wear	wore	worn
8	резать	cut	cut	cut
9	разрушать	destroy	destroyed	destroyed
10	быть соглас- ным	agree	agreed	agreed
11	изучать	study	studied	studied
12	лить	pour	poured	poured

30. Ответьте на вопросы.

1) Yes, I have worn evening clothes. I have worn it at my sister's wedding. It was an evening black dress.

2) I have drawn people and animals. It was in my childhood. On the picture there was picnic. The picture was very good.

3) Yes, I have flown by plane. I flew to visit my granny to Vladivostok.

4) Yes, I have flown in my sleep. It was not long ago. I flew to the space.

5) Yes, I have grown a lemon. I have grown it at home.

31. Выразите то же самое на английском.

A.

1) I saw a cornflower among the daizies.

2) Between you and me, I don't like to take care of animals.

3) A deep river flowed between two valleys.

4) Jenny stood between two cousins.

5) Ann saw a high tower among the trees.

6) There is a beautiful valley among these mountains.

B.

1) What kind people!

2) How kind these people are!

3) What an interesting film!

4) How interesting the film is!

5) What a tasty juice!

6) How tasty the juice is!

7) What a big park!

8) How big the park is!

9) What a fresh air!

10) How fresh the air is!

32. *Представьте, что вы состоите в экологическом клубе. Придумайте несколько правил и запишите их.*

We must...

- 1) We must feed birds in winter.
- 2) We must talk to scientists about ecology.
- 3) We must discuss the problems of ecology with government.
- 4) We must recycle plastic bags.
- 5) We must keep clean the national parks.

We must not...

- 1) We must not cut the trees.
- 2) We must not pollute the streets.
- 3) We must not hunt the animals.
- 4) We must not pollute the water.
- 5) We must not be indifferent to our nature.

33. *Напишите, что Сэлли не нужно делать.*

- 1) Sally doesn't need to wash the linen. Her elder sister has already done it for her.
- 2) Sally doesn't need to iron her trousers. Her father has already done it for her.
- 3) Sally doesn't need to buy any potatoes. Kevin has done it for her.
- 4) Sally doesn't need to fly to Scotland. Ann has been there and has solved the problems.

5) Sally doesn't need to draw pictures for Lizzy. Lizzy has drawn pictures herself.

6) Sally doesn't need to look for her granny's glasses. Her granny has already found.

7) Sally doesn't need to cook supper. Her mother has done it for her.

8) Sally doesn't need to water the vegetables. Her granny has already watered them.

9) Sally doesn't need to write to Aunt Polly. Her sister has already done it.

10) Sally doesn't need to give milk to Pussy. Her mother has already done it.

34. Напишите 6—10 предложений о том, что вы или ваши родственники раньше делали, а теперь нет.

1) My father used to read newspapers in the morning but now he doesn't.

2) My mother used to take out our dog in the evening but now she doesn't.

3) I used to play tennis but now I don't.

4) My sister used to listen to the loud music but now she doesn't.

5) My brother used to come home late but now he doesn't.

6) My granny used to cook for me in the weekends but now I do it for her.

35. Напишите, сколько времени занимает у вас дорога к этим местам.

1) It takes me 20 minutes to get to my school.

2) It takes me 10 minutes to get to the nearest shop.

3) It took me half an hour to get to the railway station yesterday.

4) It took us an hour to get to the forest.

5) It took me 20 minutes to get to the river yesterday.

6) It takes 40 minutes to get to the library.

7) It takes one day to get to my granny's.

8) It takes 20 minutes to get to the nearest cinema.

9) It took an hour to get to the market last week.

10) It takes several hours to get to Moscow or St. Petersburg.

36. Дополните предложения.

1) The more we learn the more we can do.

2) The more we read the more we know.

3) The more pupils learn by heart the better their memory is.

4) The more information we get about the more we know the subject.

5) The more we know about ecological problems the better we can solve it.

6) The longer we collect coins the more interesting it becomes.

7) The less we destroy our planet the happier we are.

8) The more we think about each other the healthier the people are.

9) The kinder we are to each other the more we love each other.

10) The fewer mistakes you make the higher mark you get.

37. Дополните недостающие фразы инструкции.

1) d; 2) b; 3) f; 4) c; 5) e; 6) a.

Test 4

2. Прочитайте текст и ответьте на вопросы. Запишите свои короткие ответы на вопросы.

1) Rainforest wood goes for sale.

2) They use land for feeding after they cut down the forests on it.

3) Japan uses wood.

4) We need to know more about rainforests not to destroy them.

5) The petroleum nuts tree is unusual because it can make fifty liters of oil every year.

6) Nothing can grow there, because the rain washes away the soil after the trees are cut.

7) People destroy rainforests because of money. It is not necessary, we can think of other ways to get money.

3. Дополните предложения, где нужно.

- | | | |
|--------|-------------|----------|
| 1) — ; | 4) after; | 7) from. |
| 2) in; | 5) from; | |
| 3) — ; | 6) against; | |

4. Выберите нужное слово.

A.

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| 1) both; | 3) each; |
| 2) all; | 4) both. |

B.

- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| 1) among; | 3) between; |
| 2) between; | 4) among. |

C.

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| 1) what; | 3) how; |
| 2) how; | 4) what. |

5. *Поставьте предложения в вопросительную форму.*

1) Do we have to stay after classes to help clean the classroom?

2) Must everyone take part in project work?

3) Do we need to do some shopping today?

4) Does James have to get up early tomorrow?

5) Did my parents use to spend more time gardening when they were younger?

6. *Напишите короткую инструкцию по выращиванию зеленого лука зимой.*

The first thing you should do is to take a bulb. The next thing you should do is to fill a pot with good soil. Remember to choose a light place for growing the onions. Don't forget to water it every day. Be careful to use clean fresh water. Another thing to remember is to wait patiently for some time after you have planted it till you see the onions.

7. *Напишите эти слова.*

1) behaviour;

6) nowadays;

2) population;

7) survive;

3) influence;

8) endangered;

4) health;

9) habitat;

5) environment;

10) destroy.

8. *Откройте скобки и дополните текст.*

1. had;

2. ate;

3. could;

4. grow;

5. came;

6. went;

7. was picking;

8. found;

9. became;

10. sat;

11. was preparing;

12. will take;

13. thought;

14. haven't brought;

15. will go.

Часть 5 (учебник)

Первый шаг

2. *Покажите свою реакцию на фразы по примеру.*

1) How proud Sid's brother is!

2) What famous cities: Saratov, Samara and Volgograd!

3) How difficult the instruction is!

4) What a responsible government!

5) What an unusual badge!

6) How healthy Jane is!

7) What a dangerous situation!

8) What a powerful businessman Mr. Richardson!

9) What safe places in Moscow!

3. *Посмотрите на картинки и скажите, что они сделали до 4 часов вчерашнего дня.*

1. Mrs. Rogers had cooked a dinner by four o'clock yesterday.

2. Ann and Jane had built a castle by four o'clock yesterday.

3. Mrs. Brown had gone shopping by four o'clock yesterday.

4. Brian had washed his car by four o'clock yesterday.

5. Max Wood had read a book by four o'clock yesterday.

6. Henry has painted a picture by four o'clock yesterday.

7. Kelly Hudson has visited museum by four o'clock yesterday.

4. Скажите, что эти люди сделали перед тем, как пошел дождь.

1) Larry had just left his office when it started raining.

2) Bobby had just got on a bus when it started raining.

3) Mr. Newman had just entered the shop when it started raining.

4) Dan had just decided to go for a walk when it started raining.

5) Mrs. Forester had just come out into the garden when it started raining.

6) The Trembles had just finished their supper when it started raining.

7) Charles had just turned on television when it started raining.

8) Sharon had just cleaned the floor when it started raining.

9) Lizzy had just washed her sweater when it started raining.

10) Mr. Mole had just started working in the garden when it started raining.

5. Скажите, что вы сделали вчера.

a) I had done my homework before parents came back home.

b) I had watched the film by the time supper was ready.

c) I had walked a little by 6 p.m. I returned from school.

7. Дополните предложения, используйте новые слова.

1) has joined;

2) junk;

3) hard;

4) enough;

5) kept;

6) smoking, smoking;

7) keep;

8) exercise;

9) relax;

10) drug;

11) harm;

12) keeping.

8. *Скажите на русском.*

1) Мне не нравится вкус рыбы, вы ее пережарили.

2) Я заплатила 300 рублей за сувенир и боюсь, что переплатила.

3) Не все любят мягкие переспелые бананы, но мне их есть нравится.

4) Когда Макс открыл утром глаза, его часы показывали десять: он проспал.

5) Пожалуйста, не перекормите собаку, много еды не приносит ничего, кроме болезни.

6) На этот раз я попрошу тебя сделать не два, а три упражнения. Надеюсь я не перенапрягу тебя.

7) Вчера я чувствовала себе чересчур уставшей, но не могла уснуть.

8) У нас будут проблемы, если мы израсходуем лишние деньги.

11. *Дополните предложения.*

1) old enough;

2) enough time;

3) enough food;

4) eat enough;

5) enough coffee;

6) enough apples;

7) long enough;

- 8) hard enough;
- 9) wide enough;
- 10) enough pencils.

12. Напишите на английском.

Hard enough, strong enough, enough air, quickly enough, enough questions, difficult enough, successful enough, enough energy.

13. Соотнесите две колонки.

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) g; | 5) b; |
| 2) a; | 6) f; |
| 3) d; | 7) e; |
| 4) c; | 8) h. |

Второй шаг

4. Выберите правильный пункт, чтобы дополнить предложение.

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) b; | 5) b; |
| 2) b; | 6) a; |
| 3) a; | 7) b; |
| 4) b; | 8) b. |

5. Составьте предложения об Энди с «потому что».

1) Andy decided to go to the disco because he had never been there before.

2) Andy bought the new disc of his favorite singer because he had never heard it before.

3) Andy got very tired of roller-skating because he had never skated before.

4) Andy didn't play baseball very well because he had never done sports before.

5) Andy bought a beautiful new jacket because he had never had such a jacket before.

6) Andy went to bed early yesterday because he had walked a lot that day.

7) Andy fell off the horse because he had never ridden a horse before.

8) Andy was afraid to drive because he had never had a car.

9) Andy wanted to watch «Lord of the Rings» on television because he had never seen that film before.

10) Andy began to learn Italian because he had been to Italy.

11) Andy went to Japanese restaurant because he had tasted Japanese food before.

12) Andy didn't know how to grow roses because he had never grown roses.

7. *Ответьте на вопросы, используя новые слова.*

1) Jogging is a very pleasant kind of exercise.

2) My good habits are to do sports and to read books, my bad habits are to eat junk food and to play computer games.

3) I don't catch colds often, but when I eat honey.

4) I can hardly run 20 kilometers.

5) I do the best in learning of English and Maths.

6) I weigh 45 kilos and 7 stones.

7) I put on and lose weight easily. To lose weight I usually do sports and eat less.

8) I don't think that medicines for losing weight is a good idea.

9. *Hard или hardly.*

1) hardly;

5) hard;

9) hard;

2) hardly;

6) hardly;

10) hard.

3) hard;

7) hard;

4) hard;

8) hardly;

12. *Still или yet.*

1) yet;

5) yet;

9) yet, still;

2) still;

6) still;

10) yet.

3) still;

7) still;

4) still;

8) still;

13. Дополните текст.

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. met; | 4. had lost; |
| 2. could; | 5. had become; |
| 3. had changed; | 6. looked. |

14. Сделайте одно предложение из двух. Используйте **after** или **before**.

1) I felt a little better after I had taken the medicine.

2) Jane came to the party after Nick had left.

3) We got to the cinema after the film had begun.

4) I felt much better after I had told my parents everything.

5) After I found a new poem I felt a little better.

6) Before I saw the film I have read one of the «Harry Potter» books.

Третий шаг

2. Соотнесите части предложений из двух колонок.

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) d; | 5) f; |
| 2) g; | 6) c; |
| 3) b; | 7) a. |
| 4) e; | |

3. Дополните текст.

A.

- | | |
|--------------|---------|
| 1. had left; | 3. was; |
| 2. broke; | 4. was. |

B.

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. had painted; | 9. had lain; |
| 2. didn't put; | 10. had slept; |
| 3. were; | 11. were; |
| 4. had to; | 12. had put; |
| 5. returned; | 13. left; |
| 6. saw; | 14. didn't have; |
| 7. had happened; | 15. had touched. |
| 8. had become; | |

4. Скажите, что они сделали.

1) Frank said to Val that he went jogging every morning.

2) Mary said to Victor that Don had caught a cold.

3) David said to John that he was doing his best to learn it by heart.

4) Robert said to Polly that it was interesting.

5) Alice said to Betty that she had put on weight.

6) Harry said to Lena that they had bought a new disc.

7) Lizzy said to Kevin that she had had a high temperature.

8) Sarah said to Kevin that she didn't know anything.

9) Rose said to Brian that they were keeping a healthy diet.

10) Kate said to Ann that she could keep her secret.

5. Сообщите, что сказал Джон.

1) John told that he was going to cinema that afternoon.

2) John told that they usually had lunch in the nearby cafe that days.

3) John told that he had come to London that day.

4) John told that they had had a conference on ecology the day before.

5) John explained that he always stayed there when he was in Chicago.

6) John told that he had given up smoking the previous week.

7) John asked where aunt Polly had gone the previous night.

8) John asked why Sarah was keeping to diet then.

9) John asked what club Larry had joined three days before.

10) John wondered where had been his friends previous month.

6. Миссис Лавдэй хочет знать, что сказали эти люди. Но она не очень хорошо слышит. Помогите ей и перескажите их речь.

1) Diana said that Jane was relaxing that time and having a holiday on the coast.

2) Frank said that the population of the city was growing.

3) Mrs. Crawford said that they had done a lot that day.

4) Steve said that he had kept a diary three years before.

5) Mrs. Evans said that those medicines were well-known.

6) Barbara said that she had bought a new badge a day before.

7) Mary said that she has worked on the factory previous year.

8. Ответьте на вопросы.

1) I don't catch colds often. When I catch cold I feel weak. I usually have earache when I get cold. It hurts to swallow. I usually sneeze and then cough when I get cold. I also have a high temperature.

2) When I have a cold my parents don't call any doctor, they cure me themselves. When doctors come they usually examine me. They usually ask if I sneeze, cough and what hurts. If I have cold or virus doctors prescribe me medicines. It usually takes 5 days to cure a cold.

9. Прочитайте диалог и выберите правильный вариант ответа в предложениях после.

1) a; 2) b; 3) b; 4) b; 5) a.

11. Дополните предложения.

1) for;	5) for;
2) out;	6) of;
3) from;	7) for;
4) down;	8) in.

Четвертый шаг

4. Вчера Ричард почувствовал, что скоро сляжет с простудой. Он пошел к доктору. Прочитайте диалог и расскажите, о вопросах доктора и ответах Ричарда.

Doctor asked what he could do to help Richard. Richard told him that he had a running nose and

it was hurt to swallow for him. Doctor said that Richard's cough was not good and asked when he had begun coughing like that. Richard told that he didn't remember. Doctor told that Richard had a running temperature. Richard asked what he could take to bring down the temperature. Doctor told him that he was going to prescribe some medicine for his temperature. Then they said good-bye to each other.

5. К доктору Моррисону пришло много пациентов в прошлую пятницу. У них у всех были проблемы. Расскажите, что сказал им доктор.

1) Dr. Morrison said Jane had been coughing for a week.

2) Dr. Morrison said Alice had been taking aspirin for three days.

3) Dr. Morrison said that Bob's leg had been hurting him for a month.

4) Dr. Morrison said that Mrs. Gatewood had been putting on weight for a year.

5) Dr. Morrison said that Mr. Williams had been overworking himself for a long time.

6) Dr. Morrison said that Mr. Sandfrod had been trying to give up smoking for four months.

6. Скажите, какие вопросы задавал пациентам доктор Моррисон.

- 1) How long have you been coughing?
- 2) Do you often have headaches?
- 3) Are you feeling worse?
- 4) Have you ever had pain in that side before?
- 5) How long were you keeping to a diet of vegetables and fruit?
- 6) Why haven't you come earlier?
- 7) How long have you been overworking yourself?
- 8) What medicines have you been taking?
- 9) Who have prescribed these medicines to you?
- 10) Are the medicines helping?

8. Соотнесите две колонки.

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) e; | 4) b; |
| 2) d; | 5) c. |
| 3) a; | |

9. А. Прочитайте текст и скажите, какой заголовок лучше подходит.

Sport and People.

В. Посмотрите на картинки и соотнесите их с названиями игр и видами спорта.

- | | |
|-----------|--------------|
| 1. rugby; | 2. baseball; |
|-----------|--------------|

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| 3. water polo; | 9. figure skating; |
| 4. cycling; | 10. boxing; |
| 5. badminton; | 11. golf; |
| 6. hockey; | 12. volleyball; |
| 7. weight lifting; | 13. long jumping; |
| 8. judo; | 14. water ski. |

C. Прочитайте текст и скажите, каких фактов в нем нет.

2), 4), 6)

11. Ответьте на вопросы.

1) Traditional Russian games are football, hockey and tennis.

2) The most popular sports and games are soccer, hockey, figure skating.

3) Uncommon sports are baseball and rugby.

4) Summer sports are water ski, volleyball, soccer, golf and winter sports are hockey, figure skating, ski.

5) I enjoy football and ski most because I like to watch it and to play.

6) I know many football players.

7) The most dangerous sports are boxing, hockey and less dangerous are football and running.

8) I know water ski, volleyball, swimming.

9) In Russian schools teenagers play football, volleyball.

10) It is necessary for teenagers to go in for sports because it is good for their health.

11) Yes, there are enough gyms, stadiums and swimming baths in place where I live.

12) National government can make sports popular by means of TV.

12. Джулия, известная спортсменка, рассказала о себе. Расскажите об этом вашим друзьям.

Julia said that she had always liked sports. She had been skating for about ten years then. She had won some medals and prizes. She said that at that moment she was preparing for something very important. She was going to skate for her town. She said her friends and she hoped to win again. They had been training for two months very hard. She said that they were in a good form.

13. Напишите на английском.

To have an advantage over your friend, to climb a mountain, to score a goal, to win some points, real excitement, race, my favorite pastime, to excite, to support each other, difficult race, to race with Ann, to get a real support, a difficult climb.

Пятый шаг

5. Расскажите, что они сказали.

Jenny told that she would play water polo next Sunday.

Peter told that we should support our team the next day.

John said that he would do a lot of physical exercises soon.

Val thought he would go to the stadium in the evening.

Robert asked if they should go cycling on Saturday.

Mr. Cook asked if they would play rugby the next week.

Mrs. Evans wanted to know where they would meet.

Miss Ford wondered who would won the game.

Ms. Cox asked who would play golf.

9. Используйте новые слова и дополните предложения.

1) compete;

6) war;

2) part;

7) hero;

3) battle, part;

8) honour;

4) competition;

9) fields;

5) performance;

10) battle, battle;

- | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| 11) noble; | 13) ancient; |
| 12) war, peace; | 14) organization. |

11. Прочитайте текст упражнения 10. Составьте вопросы, ответы на которые даны.

- 1) Where did the Olympic Games begin?
- 2) How often did the Olympic games take place?
- 3) Did they include only sportive competitions?
- 4) How many athletic events were there?
- 5) When did the Olympic games end?
- 6) Why did the emperor end the Olympic?
- 7) Who decided to bring the Olympic back?
- 8) Did anyone support his idea?
- 9) When did the Olympic come back?
- 10) Where did the Olympic take place?
- 11) Who heads the Olympic movement?
- 12) What is IOC responsible for?

14. Используйте предлоги, где нужно.

- | | |
|--------------|------------|
| 1) over, to; | 6) — ; |
| 2) — ; | 7) in; |
| 3) in; | 8) on, on; |
| 4) to; | 9) of; |
| 5) in; | 10) with. |

Часть 5 (рабочая тетрадь — 2)

8. Дополните текст фразами из таблицы.

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1. d; | 4. e; |
| 2. c; | 5. b. |
| 3. a; | |

9. Прочитайте тексты и соотнесите их с картинками.

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) c; | 4) e; |
| 2) a; | 5) d. |
| 3) b; | |

10. Поставьте части текста в логическом порядке.

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) d; | 4) e; |
| 2) a; | 5) c. |
| 3) b; | |

11. Прочитайте текст и выберите правильный ответ после него.

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) c; | 4) b; |
| 2) b; | 5) a; |
| 3) c; | 6) c. |

13. В. Прочитайте текст и ответьте на вопросы.

1) The rules to keep fit are: to laugh, sleep well and have a hobby.

2) People usually laugh when something is funny or pleasant.

3) Laughter is a good exercise because many muscles take part in it.

4) Ancient people said: «Laughter is the best medicine».

5) Laughter help to cure people.

6) People usually need to sleep about eight hours.

7) If you don't sleep for long you can get hallucinations and then a long lasting depression.

8) Hobbies help to feel us sociable, busy and interested.

9) I think hobby is the best way to pass the time.

10) Non-active pastime is boring.

22. А. Представьте, что вы детектив. Вы спрашиваете некоторых людей о загадочном происшествии. Расскажите начальнику, что вы узнали.

1) Janet Peters said it was her bag. She kept everything in it: her credit card, keys, mobile

and camera. A man had ridden past her and had snatched her bag. She hadn't seen him well because her eyes were not very good.

2) Ab Halls, a taxi driver, told that a man had been running to Lake Park with that bag under his arm. But that was not the man we were showing him on the picture.

3) Lu Conrad, a house wife, said her dog had found that man in the bushes in Lake Park. He was in blood. That bag was near him. There was nothing in the bag.

4) Brian Potter, a shop keeper, said that he had heard a terrible falling outside and when he had looked out he had seen only that yellow motorbike, but no rider.

5) Dr. Martin said that he didn't know when that man would be able to talk to police. He had lost too much blood. He had been in hospital for two days but he was still very weak.

В. Скажите, что соседи Дженет хотели узнать о происшествии.

1) One of them wondered who found the man in the park.

2) One of them asked if Janet's bag was with him.

3) One of them asked what Janet usually kept in her bag.

4) One of them wondered where the dog had found the man.

5) One of them wanted to know who had been running to Lake Park with Janet's bag.

6) One of them asked if she had seen the man before.

7) One of them asked how the man was feeling.

8) One of them wondered if the man would recover soon.

9) One of them wanted to know why Fred had been so slow to call the police.

10) One of them asked if the policeman had questioned the man.

23. Прочитайте 5 частей и соотнесите их с именами людей.

1) b;

4) d;

2) e;

5) a.

3) c;

25. Дополните слова.

1) war;

7) cure;

2) lose;

8) hero;

3) ache;

9) relax;

4) weight;

10) join;

5) support;

11) team;

6) ancient;

12) score;

- | | |
|--------------|-------------------|
| 13) peace; | 23) examine; |
| 14) sneeze; | 24) exercise; |
| 15) field; | 25) medicine; |
| 16) battle; | 26) organize; |
| 17) cough; | 27) prescribe; |
| 18) enough; | 28) advantage; |
| 19) honour; | 29) excitement; |
| 20) pastime; | 30) performance; |
| 21) swallow; | 31) complication; |
| 22) compete; | 32) prescription. |

26. Напишите слова.

- | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| 1) ache; | 18) lose; |
| 2) advantage; | 19) medicine; |
| 3) ancient; | 20) noble; |
| 4) battle; | 21) organize; |
| 5) complete; | 22) pastime; |
| 6) cough; | 23) peace; |
| 7) cure; | 24) performance; |
| 8) drug; | 25) prescription; |
| 9) enough; | 26) relax; |
| 10) examine; | 27) score; |
| 11) excitement; | 28) support; |
| 12) exercise; | 29) swallow; |
| 13) field; | 30) team; |
| 14) habit; | 31) thrill; |
| 15) honour; | 32) war; |
| 16) jog; | 33) weigh. |
| 17) junk food; | |

27. Дополните предложения используя слов из таблицы.

A.

- 1) hardly, hard;
- 2) hard, hardly;
- 3) hard, hardly;
- 4) hard, hardly;
- 5) hardly, hard.

B.

- 1) yet, still;
- 2) yet, still;
- 3) still, yet;
- 4) yet, still;
- 5) yet, still.

C.

- 1) ill, sick;
- 2) ill, sick;
- 3) sick, ill;
- 4) ill, sick.

28. Дополните предложения, если нужно.

- | | |
|------------|------------------|
| 1) in, in; | 4) out, for, to; |
| 2) to, on; | 5) with; |
| 3) in; | 6) of, over, in; |

- | | |
|---------------|--------------------|
| 7) down with; | 10) in, with, for; |
| 8) at; | 11) of; |
| 9) — ; | 12) for. |

29. *Напишите на английском.*

A.

- 1) to go jogging;
- 2) medicine for high temperature;
- 3) to catch a cold;
- 4) to come down with a cold;
- 5) almost never;
- 6) to put on weight;
- 7) to try the best;
- 8) to lose weight;
- 9) to give up a habit;
- 10) stomach ache;
- 11) to write out medicine for earache;
- 12) to cure a patient of headache;
- 13) to get complications;
- 14) to write out prescription;
- 15) to cough hard;
- 16) to bit hard;
- 17) to examine a patient;
- 18) to take temperature;
- 19) to catch a virus;
- 20) to be ill hard.

B.

- 1) a match between two teams;
- 2) to climb a hill;
- 3) an important competition;
- 4) favorite pastime;
- 5) to join the team;
- 6) to score a goal;
- 7) to support the team;
- 8) to compete in race;
- 9) to climb up;
- 10) to play rugby;
- 11) to take part in a game;
- 12) on the football field;
- 13) International Olympic Committee;
- 14) race for 800 meters.

C.

- 1) to be at war;
- 2) to take place in Ancient Greece;
- 3) each four years;
- 4) evening performance;
- 5) an important event;
- 6) to start a war;
- 7) peace on the planet;
- 8) to become a national hero;
- 9) a noble battle;
- 10) a man of the honour;
- 11) to have an advantage over opponent;

- 12) to excite;
- 13) a real excitement;
- 14) to get an advantage;
- 15) final score;
- 16) a strange habit.

D.

- 1) Where does it hurt?
- 2) What is the score?
- 3) It hurts to swallow.
- 4) No smoking.
- 5) What is your favorite pastime?
- 6) Do you have enough money to buy this medicine?
- 7) This test is enough complicated.
- 8) Our team has more advantages over their team.
- 9) Most of all I need your support now.
- 10) They hardly can win in this war.

30. Семья Диарс вернулась после летних каникул. Напишите, что они сделали к их концу.

- 1) Mr. Dear had made 500 photos by the end of the holidays.
- 2) The children have gathered a collection of seashells by the end of their holidays.

3) Mrs. Dear had lost some weight by the end of the holidays.

4) Daisy Dear had sunburnt beautifully by the end of the holidays.

5) Bob Dear had learnt diving by the end of the holidays.

6) Lizzy had grown one inch by the end of the holidays.

7) Daisy had finished a detective story by the end of the holidays.

8) Bob had written a postcard to his best friend at last by the end of the holidays.

31. Ники не может попасть на соревнования, потому что сломал ногу, и она болит. Напишите, что его друг Джон спросил, когда пришел его навестить.

1) John asked Nicky if he had followed all the doctor's recommendations.

2) John asked Nicky if he had taken the medicine his doctor prescribed.

3) John asked Nicky if he had given his leg enough exercise.

4) John asked Nicky if he had walked with a walking stick.

5) John asked Nick if he had given enough rest to his leg.

6) John asked Nick if he had kept to the diet his doctor recommended.

7) John asked Nick if he had eaten enough dairy products and fish.

8) John asked Nick if he had spoken to the doctor about the pain in the leg.

32. Учитель физкультуры сказал ученикам разогреться и ушел. Напишите, что делали недисциплинированные ученики, пока он не вернулся.

1) Ann had been making up.

2) Barbara had been showing her birthday photos.

3) Alice and Vicky had been looking at them.

4) David had been relaxing on the mat.

5) Lizzy and Philip had been fighting.

6) Mike and Denis had been racing each other.

7) Nina had been looking for the home-keys in her bag.

8) Paul had been talking over the mobile.

9) Robert had been speaking about the latest part of «The Star Wars»

10) Dan, Nikita and Alex had been listening to him.

11) Rosy had been doing her hair.

33. Дополните таблицу.

№	Значение	I	II	III
1	поймать	catch	caught	caught
2	приходить	come	came	come
3	делать	do	did	done
4	бороться	fight	fought	fought
5	получать	get	got	got
6	причинять боль	hurt	hurt	hurt
7	держаться	keep	kept	kept
8	терять	lose	lost	lost
9	перекормить	overfeed	overfed	overfed
10	переплатить	overpay	overpaid	overpaid
11	спать	sleep	slept	slept
12	брать	take	took	taken

34. *Past simple* или *past perfect*.

- 1) had weighted, examined, decided, had come;
- 2) had come out, shouted;
- 3) had caught;
- 4) had eaten, read;
- 5) had won, became;
- 6) had, had changed;
- 7) had died, kept;
- 8) had examined, wrote;

- 9) developed, had stopped;
- 10) had had, scored;
- 11) put on, had given up;
- 12) scored, had joined;
- 13) has swallowed, grew.

*35. Выразите то же самое словом **enough**.*

- 1) Everyone found it natural enough.
- 2) I didn't make enough money to support my family.
- 3) Mary gets enough toys.
- 4) Mason hasn't been training enough to win the competition.
- 5) Soon he grew strong enough to help his grandfather in the field.
- 6) The hotel isn't good enough for the hero of the Olympic games to stay in.
- 7) The melody was simple enough to play.
- 8) The three-year-old child was clever enough to understand.
- 9) They knew the illness enough to recognize it.
- 10) They had quite enough medicine to cure the virus.

36. Ответьте на следующие вопросы.

- 1) Three miles of jogging is not a distance.
- 2) No, 10 lb of potatoes is not heavy for me to carry.

- 3) No, I can't drink 2 pt at once
- 4) Yes, I can easily eat 10 oz of chocolate for dessert.
- 5) It will not be enough.
- 6) I don't think I can jump further than 5 yards.
- 7) I weigh about 80 pounds.
- 8) I am 60 inch high and 5 feet.

37. Дополните текст.

- | | |
|------------------|---------------------|
| 1. respected; | 11. saw; |
| 2. was; | 12. have heard; |
| 3. had; | 13. was; |
| 4. had known; | 14. had happened; |
| 5. said; | 15. see; |
| 6. did; | 16. prepare; |
| 7. began; | 17. was watching; |
| 8. was standing; | 18. hadn't visited; |
| 9. was smoking; | 19. forgot; |
| 10. was getting; | 20. looked. |

Test 5

2. Прочитайте текст и выберите правильный ответ после него.

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) a; | 4) a; |
| 2) b; | 5) c; |
| 3) c; | 6) c. |

3. *Напишите, что они сделали до 6 часов вчера.*

1) Alice had written a letter by 6 p.m. yesterday.

2) Olga had caught a butterfly by 6 p.m. yesterday.

3) Henry had gone shopping by 6 p.m. yesterday.

4) The Dears had worked in the garden by 6 p.m. yesterday.

5) John had washed his car by 6 p.m. yesterday.

4. *Используйте предлоги, где нужно.*

1) to;

5) between;

2) over;

6) of;

3) to;

7) at;

4) in, for;

8) — , out, of.

5. *Вы хотите делать эти вещи со своим другом. Напишите, как вы это ему предложите.*

1) Let's take part in the 200 meter race.

2) What about having a climb up the mountains?

3) Why not keep to a diet of fruit and vegetables.

4) I feel like jogging. Let's do it together!

6. *Напишите, что сказал доктор своим пациентам.*

1) The doctor asked how long had the patient been ill.

2) The doctor wondered when the patient had felt bad.

3) The doctor thought that the patient was coming down with a cold.

4) The doctor explained that the patient should take that medicine three times a day.

5) The doctor asked how often the patient caught colds.

7. Напишите слова.

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1) ancient; | 6) honour; |
| 2) performance; | 7) noble; |
| 3) war; | 8) event; |
| 4) peace; | 9) cough; |
| 5) field; | 10) excitement. |

8. Откройте скобки и дополните текст.

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| 1. had opened; | 8. said; |
| 2. saw; | 9. am; |
| 3. had grown; | 10. have learnt; |
| 4. could not; | 11. has done; |
| 5. stop; | 12. will be; |
| 6. had planned; | 13. filled; |
| 7. had never thought; | 14. put. |

Часть 6 (учебник)

Первый шаг

3. Переведите предложения.

- 1) Замок был построен в 17-ом веке.
- 2) Книги принесены из библиотеки.
- 3) Обед был съеден не вовремя.
- 4) Эти камеры были сделаны в Японии.
- 5) На английском языке говорили только в Англии в 16-ом веке.
- 6) Гостиную убрали час назад.
- 7) Две бутылки минеральной воды были выпиты, потому что было жарко.
- 8) Овощи принесли утром.
- 9) Мальчика попросили вернуться в 9 вечера.
- 10) Работа была сделана сразу.
- 11) Америка была открыта в 1492.

4. Переделайте предложения из активного в пассивный залог.

- 1) A silver box was found in the garden by John.
- 2) The picture is hung on the wall by Mr. Morrison.
- 3) The poem was learnt by heart by Jason.

4) The final match was won with the score 5:2 by our school football team.

5) The exercises were done by the girls after class.

6) The pictures were taken by Barbara while travelling in Africa.

7) The blue dress was chosen by Jane because it was longer.

8) The cottage was built by Mr. Harrison at the beginning of the 19th century.

9) The cake was cut into small pieces by Alice.

10) The letters were kept in a small green box by Mrs. Biggs.

6. Возразите на утверждения. Используйте правильную форму пассивного залога.

1) Everybody was informed not by Professor Jackson, but by Professor Davidson.

2) The vase was broken not by John, but by Florence.

3) A small sand castle was built not by Sarah, but by little Alice.

4) The door was painted yellow not by Emma, but by her little brother Steve.

5) Dodos were killed not by tourists, but by sailors.

6) Two eggs were eaten not by Marion, but by Sharon.

7) The last goal in the game was scored not by Henry, but by Max.

8) Plan B was preferred by Mr. Jason, not plan A.

9) Not Tom, but Boris was included on the list by Miss Harper.

11. Активный или пассивный залог.

1) Christopher Columbus discovered America in 1492. Nobody knows when the fact was discovered.

2) The Post Office Tower was built in London in 1964. It was built to make the telephone and television systems of the British Capital better. Who built the Tretyakov Gallery in Moscow?

3) The small island was not shown on the map. Mrs. Pitkin didn't show me her garden when I came to visit her.

4) Mr. Woodriff painted very good portraits when he was younger. A lot of strange animals were painted on the wall. We couldn't see all of them.

5) Johnatan Swift wrote «Gulliver's Travels» in the 18th century, «Battle of the Books» was written by him too.

12. Напишите предложения в пассивном залоге.

1) This coffee is grown by people from Brazil.

- 2) The piano was made in the 18th century.
- 3) The Christmas card was sent to me by someone.
- 4) A lot of vegetables were bought by someone and were put in the fridge.
- 5) We were taken to the living room by Andrew.
- 6) Last dodo was killed by people many years ago.
- 7) A new hospital was built in our city last month.
- 8) The book was translated for many languages.
- 9) Reading was taught in the first form.

Второй шаг

2. В субботу семье Грин нужно было много сделать. Они много работали и в конце дня все сделали. Что сделали Грины?

- 1) the bench was made;
- 2) the flowers were planted and the grass was cut;
- 3) the garage was painted;
- 4) the windows were cleaned;
- 5) the dinner was prepared;
- 6) a new garage roof was built;
- 7) new curtains were made and hung.

3. Поменяйте активный залог на пассивный там, где это возможно.

1) A beautiful town was lain on the river.

2) The facts were remembered by someone.

3) —

4) The skyscrapers were built in New York.

5) Some extinct animals and their habitats were saved.

6) —

7) Daisies and pansies are grown by my granny in her garden.

8) —

9) —

10) A small island was discovered in the middle of the lake.

5. Поменяйте активный залог на пассивный.

1) The passive voice is formed with the help of the verb to be.

2) The oranges are grown in Italy.

3) A lot of new houses are built in our country.

4) Tables of plastic are often made.

5) The Harry Potter books are translated into many languages.

6) The foreign languages are not taught at this primary schools.

7) Such films are not shown on TV.

8) The tomatoes are not grown by my granny here.

9) The tall build buildings are not built on the island.

10) What questions are usually asked by your teacher in the class?

11) Are such melodies heard here?

12) What books are usually bought for their children?

13) Are the neighbors invited by Mr. Ross to his parties?

14) What poems are learnt by heart by the pupils in the 8th form?

8. Дополните предложения.

1) also;

2) as well;

3) also;

4) too;

5) either;

6) also;

7) also;

8) either;

9) as well.

11. Прочитайте текст и скажите одним словом.

1) prehistoric;

2) ancient;

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| 3) dramas; | 8) circus; |
| 4) chorus; | 9) middle ages; |
| 5) dialogue; | 10) dramatist; |
| 6) actor; | 11) audience; |
| 7) tragedy; | 12) concert. |

12. Ответьте на вопросы.

1) Music, dancing and story-telling were forms of entertainment.

2) The history of drama began in Greece 2500 years ago when people celebrated Dionysus.

3) An actor was called a person who made a dialogue between characters possible.

4) The two forms of classical drama are tragedy and comedy.

5) Euripides and Sophocles are the classical Greek dramatists.

6) Circus began in ancient Rome.

7) The church considered entertainment and drama wrong in Middle Ages.

8) Renaissance people rediscover Greek and Roman drama.

9) The plays were performed on high platforms in public places.

10) The Golden age of theatre is its peak of development, it was in the 17th century when the first theatre was opened.

13. А. *Напишите, кто нарисовал эти картины.*

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) f; | 4) b; |
| 2) e; | 5) d; |
| 3) c; | 6) a. |

В. *Напишите, кто автор книг.*

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) c; | 4) e; |
| 2) b; | 5) d; |
| 3) f; | 6) a. |

Третий шаг

5. *Скажите по-другому.*

- 1) The play will be remembered.
- 2) A loud noise was heard.
- 3) The carpet will not be cleaned by Ann tomorrow.
- 4) It will be done by her next Saturday.
- 5) What will be grown by you in the kitchen garden in summer?
- 6) Your help won't be forgotten.
- 7) Only English is spoken in their club.
- 8) Not all endangered birds were included in that list.
- 9) The discovery will be made soon.
- 10) Will the emblem of our club be drawn?

6. Как можно сказать по-другому, используя пассивный залог?

- 1) The film is much spoken about.
- 2) Mr. Hadson was spoken to.
- 3) My pet will be looked after by my cousins.
- 4) You will be laughed at.
- 5) Parents were sent for.
- 6) The boy is looked at.
- 7) Such dictionaries are always asked for.
- 8) I was not spoken to in such a way.
- 9) Such things will be not spoken about.
- 10) Harry will be listened to.

10. Дополните предложения предлогами, где это необходимо.

- | | |
|------------|---------------|
| 1) to; | 8) for; |
| 2) at; | 9) for; |
| 3) at; | 10) by; |
| 4) to; | 11) from, up; |
| 5) for; | 12) of; |
| 6) in, at; | 13) for; |
| 7) to; | 14) of. |

13. Откройте скобки, чтобы дополнить текст. Используйте пассивный залог, где это необходимо.

- 1) was built;
- 2) was called;

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| 3) became; | 8) was introduced; |
| 4) was; | 9) was killed; |
| 5) were; | 10) enjoyed; |
| 6) were performed; | 11) were written. |
| 7) had to; | |

14. Напишите на английском.

Evening performance, a seat in stalls, beautiful decorations, opera glasses, fantastic costumes, storm of applause, ticket for play, to arrive at the railway station, invitation for dinner, to impress the audience, to arrive at home, ticket for opera, during the interval.

Четвертый шаг

5. Дополните предложения.

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| 1) be told; | 6) be taught; |
| 2) be answered; | 7) be kept; |
| 3) be told; | 8) be shown; |
| 4) be translated; | 9) be explained; |
| 5) be invited; | 10) be read. |

7. На ТВ-шоу людям часто задают вопросы. Как бы вы ответили на вопросы о кино и кинопроизводстве?

- 1) I have seen all latest action films.

2) I am fond of horror films because they are not boring.

3) James Bond is another character of crime films.

4) Psychological dramas are popular nowadays because they make people think about their lives.

5) I think men and young people prefer to watch science films.

6) Robinson Crusoe is an adventure film because it is adventure to stay alone on the island.

7) I think Zorro, for example, is an adventure film also.

8) The titles of some thrillers are «SAW», «Twin Peaks», «Omen».

9) Nowadays the cinema tickets are not expensive.

10) I think that wide screen is very important for the film.

11) The world of cinema is a magic world because anything can happen there.

12) I know Columbia Pictures, for example.

13) I choose films if I like the plot or actors.

14) I think it is possible to watch all films nowadays if you have much time.

9. Прочитайте текст и найдите слова, которые означают следующее.

1) night out;

2) Golden Age;

- 3) film star;
- 4) price;
- 5) magical world;
- 6) cinema audience;
- 7) multi-screen;
- 8) brand-new;
- 9) action film;
- 10) comedy;
- 11) fantastic film;
- 12) horror films;
- 13) musical.

11. Используйте of или from, чтобы дополнить предложение.

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| 1) of; | 6) of; |
| 2) of; | 7) from; |
| 3) from; | 8) of; |
| 4) from; | 9) from; |
| 5) of; | 10) of. |

12. Дополните предложения.

- 1) should be given;
- 2) should be kept;
- 3) couldn't open;
- 4) haven't taken, can't be left;
- 5) must be read;
- 6) shouldn't spend.

Пятый шаг

2. *Перефразируйте словосочетания, используя of и from.*

- 1) money of paper;
- 2) vase of china;
- 3) coat of fur;
- 4) salad from vegetable;
- 5) ring of metal;
- 6) soup from tomato;
- 7) bench of stone;
- 8) chain of silver;
- 9) marmalade from orange.

3. *A. Дополните предложения.*

- | | |
|-------------------|------------|
| 1) feeling, felt; | 6) looks; |
| 2) seems; | 7) tastes; |
| 3) smell; | 8) sounds; |
| 4) sounds; | 9) look; |
| 5) smelt; | 10) seems. |

B. Выберите правильную форму и дополните предложения.

- | | |
|----------------|------------------|
| 1) quietly; | 4) unpleasantly; |
| 2) quiet; | 5) bad; |
| 3) unpleasant; | 6) well, good; |

- 7) unhappy;
8) unhappily;

- 9) pleasant;
10) sweet.

5. Дополните предложения.

A.

1. — ;
2. — ;
3. the;
4. — ;
5. — ;
6. the;
7. the;

8. the;
9. the;
10. the;
11. — ;
12. the;
13. the.

B.

1. the;
2. the;
3. — ;
4. the;
5. — ;
6. the;

7. the;
8. a;
9. the;
10. the;
11. the;
12. the.

7. A. Соотнесите две колонки.

- | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1) c; | 3) e; | 5) g; | 7) a. |
| 2) d; | 4) f; | 6) b; | |

B. Составьте предложения с новыми словами.

1) When he was young he composed some poems.

2) I received many letters from my parents.

3) The books which are full of emotions are very good.

4) She devoted all her life to the child.

5) Her smile inspired me for life.

6) To graduate from university is very important for me.

7) The performance was conducted by a well-known conductor.

8) No dead bodies were found after the accident.

9) The film is based on a book.

12. Используйте предлоги, где нужно.

1) to;

6) — , in;

2) of;

7) from;

3) to, on;

8) by, on, by;

4) to;

9) for;

5) for;

10) of.

13. Напишите на английском.

A. To smell sweet, to feel good, to feel bad, to look young, to sound pleasant, to speak coldly, to

look angrily, to sound loud, to speak loudly, to taste sweet.

B. To receive guests, to compose music, music full of emotions, to graduate from conservatory, a well-known conductor, a true friend, to be based of a fairy tale, dead bird, to devote the symphony to parents, to compose ballet, to devote life for singing, to inspire the audience, to conduct the orchestra, a real inspiration.

Часть 6 (рабочая тетрадь — 2)

6. Прочитайте тексты и соотнесите их с числами.

1) с; 2) —; 3) а; 4) d; 5) b.

7. Прочитайте текст и дополните его фразами.

1. с; 2. e; 3. а; 4. d; 5. b.

8. Прочитайте текст и поставьте его части в логическом порядке.

1) d; 2) b; 3) а; 4) с; 5) e.

9. Прочитайте текст и выберите правильный ответ на вопрос после текста.

1) с; 3) а; 5) b;
2) с; 4) b; 6) с.

10. Прочитайте текст и ответьте на вопросы.

1) Yes, modern music is different from ancient music.

2) People began to compose music many centuries ago.

3) In ancient times music was composed in China, Egypt or Greece.

4) The modern method of writing music came from the Church.

5) The first opera was composed in 1600.

17. Дополните текст правильными хобби.

1. in-line hockey;

4. yoga;

2. ballet;

3. motorcars;

5. cycling.

19. Дополните слова и запишите.

1) gallery;

16) attentive;

2) cloakroom;

17) magic;

3) china;

18) concert;

4) consider;

19) stalls;

5) Renaissance;

20) entertainment;

6) expensive;

21) audience;

7) introduce;

22) applaud;

8) circle;

23) price;

9) circus;

24) arrive;

10) certain;

25) dead;

11) receive;

26) ticket;

12) concerto;

27) organize;

13) improvise;

28) cardboard;

14) ballet;

29) silver;

15) besides;

30) impression.

20. Напишите слова.

- | | |
|----------------|------------------|
| 1) agree; | 13) risen; |
| 2) gold; | 14) rose; |
| 3) ballet; | 15) scenery; |
| 4) cloakroom; | 16) impossible; |
| 5) curtain; | 17) inspire; |
| 6) foyer; | 18) receive; |
| 7) stalls; | 19) buffet; |
| 8) emotion; | 20) appear; |
| 9) invitation; | 21) attention; |
| 10) programme; | 22) character; |
| 11) conductor; | 23) Renaissance; |
| 12) compose; | 24) connect. |

21. Переведите на русский.

- 1) Эллис посмотрела на меня грустно.
- 2) Эллис выглядела грустной.
- 3) Джэйн посмотрела на маму, но ничего не сказала.
- 4) Гарри выглядел взволнованным.
- 5) Котенок выглядел несчастливым.
- 6) Ребенок выглядит здоровым.
- 7) Я посмотрел это слово в словаре.
- 8) Нэнси выглядела прекрасно в новой одежде.
- 9) Эндрю выглядел больным.
- 10) Больно смотреть на солнце.

22. *Напишите на английском.*

- | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1) to speak loud; | 9) to look bad; |
| 2) to sound loud; | 10) to smell sweet; |
| 3) to laugh quietly; | 11) to look young; |
| 4) to sound quite; | 12) to look officially; |
| 5) to feel good; | 13) to taste sweet; |
| 6) to look sadly; | 14) to taste fresh; |
| 7) to look sad; | 15) to look healthy. |
| 8) to dance well; | |

23. *Дополните текст словами и словосочетаниями из таблицы.*

- | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| 1. theatre; | 7. foyer; |
| 2. famous ballet; | 8. fantastic; |
| 3. arrived; | 9. scenery; |
| 4. cloakroom; | 10. applauded; |
| 5. opera glasses; | 11. impression. |
| 6. gallery; | |

24. *Дополните предложения **for** или **to**.*

- | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|
| 1) for; | 4) to; | 7) to; |
| 2) to; | 5) to; | 8) for. |
| 3) for; | 6) for; | |

25. *Дополните предложения **at** или **in**.*

- | | |
|--------|--------|
| 1) in; | 2) at; |
|--------|--------|

- 3) at;
4) in;
5) at;
6) in;

- 7) at;
8) at;
9) at;
10) in.

26. Соотнесите названия фильмов и категории.

- 1) d;
2) g;
3) f;
4) a;

- 5) e;
6) b;
7) c.

27. Дополните таблицу глаголов.

Значение	I	II	III
отпустить	let	let	let
встречать	meet	met	met
бороться	fight	fought	fought
найти	find	found	found
ударять	strike	struck	struck
звонить	ring	rang	rung
упасть	fall	fell	fallen
брать	take	took	taken
носить	wear	wore	worn
есть	eat	ate	eaten
выбрать	choose	chose	chosen

28. *Переведите на русский.*

A.

- 1) Билеты купили две недели назад.
- 2) Нас представили завучу.
- 3) Ее новая книга посвящена ее родителям.
- 4) Когда были построены эти церкви?
- 5) Кольцо сделано из золота.
- 6) Холл украсят завтра.
- 7) Апельсины выращивают в жарких странах.
- 8) Боюсь, письма не получат в пятницу.
- 9) Эта пьеса написана известным драматургом.
- 10) Старые листья обычно осенью сжигают.

B.

- 1) Об актере много говорят.
- 2) С миссис Ван поговорят.
- 3) Флору всегда ждут. Она редко приходит вовремя.
- 4) Я уверен, за вашей собакой последят.
- 5) Профессора Брауна всегда внимательно слушают.
- 6) Этот словарь часто просят.
- 7) Над Максом всегда смеются.
- 8) За вашим старшим братом послали минуту назад.

9) О таких вещах не говорят на публике.

10) С Джоан поговорили, но она ничего не объяснила.

29. Выберите of или from и дополните предложения.

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| 1) of; | 7) from; |
| 2) from; | 8) from; |
| 3) of; | 9) of; |
| 4) of; | 10) of; |
| 5) of; | 11) of; |
| 6) of; | 12) of. |

30. Ответьте на вопросы.

- 1) It is made from milk.
- 2) They keys are made of metal.
- 3) The tables are made of wood.
- 4) The porridge is made of seeds.
- 5) The desk is made of wood.
- 6) My socks are made of cotton.
- 7) Wedding rings are made of gold.
- 8) The cream is made of milk.
- 9) The omelette is made from eggs.
- 10) Solyanka is made from meat.

31. Переведите предложения в пассивный залог, где это возможно.

- 1) The plan was considered.

- 2) An official answer will be given.
- 3) —
- 4) Horror films are not shown to children.
- 5) The conductor is not known.
- 6) The Tchaikovsky's First Piano Concerto is often played on the radio.
- 7) —
- 8) Many talented composers are inspired by Tchaikovsky's music.
- 9) —
- 10) Anna Karenina was finished in 1877.
- 11) The letter won't be received by him.
- 12) —
- 13) —
- 14) These parts are played by the best actors.

32. Измените предложения, поставив глаголы в прошедшее время.

- 1) were made;
- 2) was played;
- 3) were received;
- 4) was never visited;
- 5) was;
- 6) were often inspired;
- 7) was composed;
- 8) were never shown;
- 9) were often built.

33. Эти вещи обычно делают в разные сезоны. Напишите, что было сделано прошлой зимой, весной, летом и осенью.

Winter:

Snowmen were made.

New skating-rinks were made.

Spring:

Nests were built.

Flowers and trees were painted.

Bird-nests were made.

Nestling boxes were hung on the trees.

Summer:

Vegetables were grown.

Flowers and trees were watered.

Fish were caught in rivers.

Autumn:

Fruit and vegetables were sold everywhere.

Yellow and brown leaves were burnt.

Grass was cut.

34. Поставьте эти предложения в будущем времени. Поменяйте наречия, если необходимо.

1) The text will be translated soon.

2) The answer will be given at once.

3) The books will be read.

4) The children will be invited to the party.

5) The box will be weighed.

6) Your plan will be supported.

7) The prescription for the backache will be written out.

8) These endangered animals will be protected.

9) The rubbish will be thrown away.

10) The incident will be forgotten.

11) The invitation will be written.

12) His opinion will be heard.

35. Соотнесите названия работ по русской литературе с авторами. Когда они были написаны?

«Kashtanka» was written by A.P. Chekhov in 19th century.

«Idiot» was written by F.I. Dostoevsky in 19th century.

«A journey from Petersburg to Moscow» was written by A.N. Radischev in 18th century.

«A crow and a fox» was written by I.A. Krylov in 19th century.

«Svetlana» was written by V.A. Zhykovsky in 18th century.

«Dubrovsky» was written by Pushkin in 19th century.

«War and Peace» is written by L.N. Tolstoy in 19th century.

«Silver Prince» is written by A.K. Tolstoy in 19th century.

«Asya» was written by I.S. Turgenev in 19th century.

«Princess Mary» was written by M. U. Lermontov in 19th century.

«Quit flows and Don» is written by M.A. Sholohov in 20th century.

«Unfortunate Liza» was written by N.M. Karamzin in 18th century.

«Buratino» was written by A.N. Tolstoy in 20th century.

36. Дополните предложения предлогами.

1) about;

5) to;

2) for;

6) at;

3) after;

7) for;

4) for;

8) to.

*37. Составьте вопросы с этими словами.
Задайте вопросы.*

1) When was nylon invented? It was invented in the 20th century.

2) When was Kremlin built? It was built in 1482.

3) When were potatoes brought to Europe? Potatoes were brought to Europe in 1551.

4) When was America discovered? America was discovered in 1492.

5) By whom are Harry Potter books written? These books are written by J. Rowling.

6) When was painted «A Girl with Peaches»? It was painted in 1887.

38. Старшие Роджерсы уехали из дома и сказали детям, что нужно делать. Посмотрите на картинки и скажите, что должно быть сделано.

- 1) The potatoes must be fried.
- 2) The plant must be watered.
- 3) The dress must be washed.
- 4) The carpet must be cleaned.
- 5) The shopping must be done.
- 6) The exercise 7 must be written.
- 7) The bedroom must be done.

39. Дополните текст о Дэниэле Редклиффе. Используйте глаголы в скобках в правильной форме.

- | | |
|--------------|--------------------|
| 1. is known; | 8. are; |
| 2. was born; | 9. is; |
| 3. decided; | 10. doesn't think; |
| 4. wanted; | 11. has changed; |
| 5. took; | 12. likes; |
| 6. was; | 13. was asked. |
| 7. played; | |

40. Какие названия нужно использовать без артикля?

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| 1) the; | 11) the; |
| 2) — ; | 12) the; |
| 3) the; | 13) the; |
| 4) the; | 14) — ; |
| 5) — ; | 15) the; |
| 6) the; | 16) the; |
| 7) the; | 17) the; |
| 8) the; | 18) the; |
| 9) — ; | 19) the; |
| 10) the; | 20) the. |

41. Напишите то же самое на английском.

A.

1. The book was bought last week.
2. The tickets for the concert will be bought tomorrow.
3. Such cars are made in Japan.
4. America was discovered in 1492.
5. St. Petersburg was founded in 1703.
6. In this city many houses are built of wood.
7. I was informed about important news.
8. English, French and German are taught in our schools.

9. On our street there will be built a new school.
10. The article will be written the next week.

B.

1. This film will be spoken about.
2. Don't worry, your pets will be looked after.
3. She was waited for a long time.
4. Aunt Polly was spoken to.
5. They are often laughed at.
6. The director was sent for.

Test 6

2. Прочитайте текст и расставьте абзацы в правильном порядке.

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) d; | 4) c; |
| 2) a; | 5) d. |
| 3) e; | |

3. Напишите предложения в пассивном залоге.

- 1) The letter must be written to granny.
- 2) The answer can be given at once.
- 3) The tour of the Kremlin should be organized tomorrow.
- 4) The box has to be brought to my place tomorrow.

4. Дополните предложения глаголами в нужной форме.

- 1) will be planted;
- 2) speaks;
- 3) forgets;
- 4) was washed;
- 5) is spoken;
- 6) were discussed;
- 7) heard, were seen;
- 8) will be shown.

5. Выберите правильный предлог, чтобы дополнить предложения.

A.

- | | | |
|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 1. to; | 4. for; | 7. to. |
| 2. at; | 5. about; | |
| 3. after; | 6. for; | |

B.

- | | | |
|---------|-------------|--------|
| 1. in; | 3. at, for; | 5. on; |
| 2. for; | 4. on; | 6. to. |

7. Напишите слова.

- | | |
|----------------|---------------|
| 1) audience; | 3) introduce; |
| 2) impossible; | 4) expensive; |

- 5) applause;
- 6) arrive;
- 7) thriller;

- 8) attentive;
- 9) graduate;
- 10) receive.

8. *Откройте скобки и дополните текст.*

- 1. decided;
- 2. thought;
- 3. had learnt;
- 4. would be;
- 5. went;
- 6. taught;
- 7. got;
- 8. found;
- 9. called;
- 10. am teaching;
- 11. have read;
- 12. said.

ОГЛАВЛЕНИЕ

Часть 1 (учебник)	4
Первый шаг	4
Второй шаг	7
Третий шаг	11
Четвертый шаг	13
Пятый шаг	15
Часть 1 (рабочая тетрадь — 1)	17
Тест 1.	27
Часть 2 (учебник)	29
Первый шаг	29
Второй шаг	31
Третий шаг	32
Четвертый шаг	36
Пятый шаг	39
Часть 2 (рабочая тетрадь — 1)	43
Test 2	57

Часть 3 (учебник)	60
Первый шаг	60
Второй шаг	62
Третий шаг	66
Четвертый шаг	69
Пятый шаг	73
Часть 3 (рабочая тетрадь — 1)	76
Тест 3	85
Часть 4 (учебник)	88
Первый шаг	88
Второй шаг	91
Третий шаг	95
Четвертый шаг	99
Пятый шаг	101
Часть 4 (рабочая тетрадь — 2)	105
Test 4	119
Часть 5 (учебник)	123
Первый шаг	123
Второй шаг	127
Третий шаг	130
Четвертый шаг	134

Пятый шаг	139
Часть 5 (рабочая тетрадь — 2)	141
Test 5	154
Часть 6 (учебник)	157
Первый шаг	157
Второй шаг	160
Третий шаг	164
Четвертый шаг	166
Пятый шаг	169
Часть 6 (рабочая тетрадь — 2)	173
Test 6	186

ladya-book@bk.ru

**Все домашние работы к учебнику
О.В. Афанасьевой, И.В. Михеевой
Новый курс английского языка
для 8 класса
и комплекту рабочих тетрадей
для 8 класса
ФГОС**

К.Ю. Новикова

*Компьютерная верстка
П.В. Башуев*

Формат 84x108 ¹/₃₂
Бумага типографская. Печать офсетная. 192 с.
Усл.печ.л. 4. Тираж 7000экз. Зак. № 5511.
Издательство «ЛадКом» Москва 2013 г.

Отпечатано в ОАО "Тульская типография".
300600, г. Тула, пр. Ленина, 109.